

Province of the Eastern Cape

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

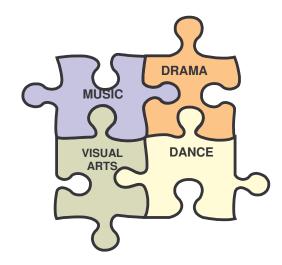
ARTS AND CULTURE

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR PHASES

EXEMPLAR LESSON PLANS FOR THE FIRST TERM











Preamble

This Arts and Culture Intermediate and Senior Phase Exemplar Lesson Plans for the First Term are products of a collaborated effort between Arts and Culture Provincial Curriculum Planning and District Curriculum Advisors. They act as a contribution in the developmental process that is aimed at increasing capacity of Arts & Culture Teachers in effective teaching, learning and assessment of this Learning Area. They also serve as guides towards effective and efficient implementation of National Curriculum Statements (NCS). This therefore means that underpinned in these Exemplar Lesson Plans are principles of NCS. Learning Outcomes and Assessment Standards are therefore cornerstones of these Lesson Plans.

These Exemplar Lesson Plans for First Term are based on the First Clusters of Assessment Standards that are in the Provincial Work Schedules for Grades 4-9 contained in the Arts and Culture Provincial Assessment Guidelines, Annexure B1 to B6. These Lesson Plans are therefore not standalones and should be used in conjunction with all relevant Policy Documents and Assessment Guidelines, viz, National Curriculum Statements Grade R-9, National Assessment Guidelines and Provincial Assessment Guidelines.

It should be borne in mind that Arts and Culture deals mainly with four Arts Disciplines which are: Music, Visual Arts, Dance and Drama. Some aspects of Culture are dealt with under the Composite Assessment Standards. Focus has been on Intermediate and Senior Phases including Generic and Additional Assessment Standards in Grades 8 and 9.

These Lesson Plans should be engaged with critically and creatively as they do not reflect "zero defects" or a "one answer" solution. This encourages all who will be using them to kindly alert the Arts and Culture Curriculum Planning - Intersen should any inconsistencies, highly impractical suggestions or any elements that may detract from the goal of establishing a common approach in effective teaching of this Learning Area.

Further comments, concerns, suggestions and responses may be forwarded through the nearest Arts & Culture District Curriculum Advisor or directly to:

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GRADE 4	ade: 4 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 1 Phase	: Intermediate DURATION:	CONTENT IN
		120 Mins	CONTEXT: Safe and Healthy Environment Warm Up Exercises in Dance and Drama
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
L.O 1: CREATING, INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING: LO 1: CLUSTER 1 DANCE AS: In preparing the body, follows a teacher-directed warm-up and skill-developing ritual, with attention to safe use of the body, for example: Knees aligned over toes when bending; Articulation (toe-heel-bend) of the feet and bending knees when landing from jumps; Good posture at all times. DRAMA AS: Performs simple teacher-directed relaxation and breathing exercises when warming up and cooling down. AS: Uses the voice and body imaginatively in drama exercises and games.	First, increase the heart rate as follows: With teacher's guidance, learners choose a leader (The following activities can be accompanied by prerecorded music, singing or drumbeat.) Diagonally, learners walk gently with relaxed joints and soft, easy feet from one corner to the other, then walk up the side and down diagonally to the other corner. Following the leader, learners continue walking, forming a big circle around the room. Learners gradually increase the pace of the walk into a gentle run, shaking arms, keeping feet light and joints relaxed. Increase the running pace and move arms close to the body, (piston fashion). Learners slowly decrease their speed until they have returned to their initial walking pace. Learners continue walking and then find space. Stand with their feet apart, keeping the legs and feet parallel. NB. Learners must not tense their knees. Next, stretch the muscles and loosen the joints (teacher demonstrating): Shoulder exercise: Learners stand tall with arms relaxed at their sides. They raise and release their shoulders 8 times. They now roll shoulders forward and backwards 8 times. Learners do head exercise (slow, gentle flowing movement-right, left, up, down turns) Same position as above, learners exercise the head and neck by: turning to right, face front, turn left, face front, look up, look level, look down, look level and repeatedly). Puppet exercise: Learners stand with feet apart, not too wide, arms at their sides. They stretch arms up above the head, collapse downwards, bending the knees; drop the head and hands to the floor, pause, and then recover unfolding the spine slowly the head being the last to recover. Hug and release: Learners sit on the floor legs straight forward, feet together, then, point the feet forward, arms out to the sides at shoulder level. Draw the legs up bending knees; hug legs with arms, rounding back, tuck in the head (make the body into a very tight ball with feeling of contraction, pulling in the tummy muscles). Release and return to	FORM: Practical demonstration Performance METHOD: Teacher Peer Group TOOL: Analytic rubric Check List Observation	Learners with physical challenge to be assisted and are given alternative roles.

GRADE 4	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Safe and Healthy Environment Warm Up Exercises in Dance and Drama
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LOS AND ASS	ACTIVITY 2: (demonstration or performance) First, increase the heart rate as follows: Educator or learners choose a leader Activities can be accompanied by music, singing or drumbeat On the diagonal, walk with relaxed joints and soft, easy feet from one corner to the other then up the side and down diagonally to the other corner. Following the leader, learners walk forming a big circle around the room. Gradually increase the pace of the walk into a gentle run, moving the arms and keeping the feet light and joints relaxed. Increase the running pace and move arms close to your body, piston fashion. Slowly decrease your speed until you have returned to your initial walking pace. Continue walking and find a space. Stand with your feet apart, keeping the legs and feet parallel. NB. Do not tense the knees. Next, stretch the muscles and loosen the joints: Shoulder exercise: Stand tall with arms relaxed at your sides. Raise your shoulders and release 8 times. Now circle the shoulders 8 times forward and repeat backwards. "Look and see head exercise (slow, gentle flowing movement)": Same position as above, exercise the head and neck by: turning to right, face front, turn left, face front, look up, look level, look down, look level and repeat twice. Puppet exercise: Stand feet apart, not too wide, arms at your sides. Stretch arms up above the head. Relax down bending the knees; drop the head and hands to the floor. Pause, and then recover		
	unfolding the spine slowly the head being the last to recover. Hug and release:		
	 Sit on the floor legs straight forward, feet together. Point the feet, arms out to the sides at shoulder level. Draw the legs up bending knees; hug your legs with the arms, rounding back. 		

GRADE 4	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Safe and Healthy Environment Warm Up Exercises in Dance and Drama
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
	 Tuck in the head (make the body into a very tight ball with feeling of contraction, pulling in the tummy muscles). Release and return to original position. Repeat 4 times. 		
	 Jump: Feet together and then apart Three bounces with feet together and jump left and right alternatively, knees up, hands touch the knees counting four times. Repeat 4 times. 		
	ACTIVITY 3: Warm-ups for voice and body (demonstration or performance continued)		
	Learners stand with feet slightly apart and weight evenly balanced.		
	Stretch by raising arms above head.		
	Open the jaw and relax it until you start to yawn.		
	Swing arms from side to side across body.		
	Swing arms forwards and backwards around torso.		
	Breathe in and out whilst warming up.		
	Twist waist and hips and bend knees as you swing.		
	Stand up straight and stretch each arm up towards the ceiling in turn.		
	Take eight counts to reach as high as you can.		
	Stretch right arm and bend over sideways at the waist to the opposite side as if you are reaching for something.		
	Repeat on the other side.		
	Hunch up shoulders as if head is trying to hide away.		
	Let shoulders drop back to original position.		

GRADE 4	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Safe and Healthy Environment Warm Up Exercises in Dance and Drama
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
	Make big circles with your right shoulder. Repeat six to eight times.		
	Repeat with the left shoulder		
	Imagine that whole body is covered in sticky glue.		
	Shake it off without making your movements too jerky, as this will cause tension		
	ACTIVITY 4		
	The Teacher gives instruction to the learners(using a rubric) to: Walk and make sounds like an elephant Walk and make sounds like a dog Walk and make sounds like a cat Move and make sounds like a snake		
	ACTIVITY 5		
	For cooling down exercises the teacher gives these instructions:		
	 Hop from one foot to the other and gently shake your arms as if you are shaking water off them. Keep your head, neck and shoulders soft and relaxed. Stand on your toes and stretch your hands as far up as you can. Then bend over and fold up your body very tightly. Stand or lie on the ground with your arms and legs relaxed. Breathe in deeply and slowly until you feel your tummy expand as far as it can. Then breathe out until you feel your tummy collapse. 		
SKILLS: Bending, jumping, articu	lation, breathing, safe landing		
KNOWLEDGE: Gained knowledge	e on warming up and cooling down exercises		
VALUES: Enjoyment, sharing, ap			
	se books, tape recorders and cassettes, used materials	diti a a	
Teacher Reflection:	earners are encouraged to watch warm up exercises in the T. V. They can participate in sport active	rities.	
reacher nellection:			

Grade 4 Term 1 Lesson 1 Rubric for Intermediate Phase (Check List or Observation Sheet can also be used)

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
The learner follows relaxation and cooling down exercises during warm-ups and cool downs	The learner is unable to follow relaxation and cooling down exercises during warm-ups and cool downs	The learner shows little understanding in following relaxation and cooling down exercises during warm-ups and cool downs	The learner is able to follow relaxation and cooling down exercises during warm-ups and cool downs	The learner shows excellence in following relaxation and cooling down exercises during warm-ups and cool downs
The learner makes imaginative use of voice and body in dramatic games and exercises	The learner is unable to make imaginative use of voice and body in dramatic games and exercises	The learner shows a little understanding in making imaginative use of voice and body in dramatic games and exercises	The learner is able to make imaginative use of voice and body in dramatic games and exercises	The learner shows excellence in making imaginative use of voice and body in dramatic games and exercises

Grade 4	DATE:	DURATION:	CONTENT IN
		240 min	CONTEXT: Personal Development
			> Improvisation
			incorporate
			elements/concept
1.01	LEADING ACTIVITIES	DETAIL O. O.F.	in the Arts
LO's and ASS.	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 1	ACTIVITY 1		
CLUSTER 2	The teacher gives instructions to the learners to stand in a circle, and do warm-up exercises.	FORM Practical	In the case of the lack of
DANCE	 Shake their bodies. Walk and bend forward and backward without bumping into each other adding freeze. 	demonstration	space the learners are taken outside. Physically
AS: Uses cans, stones,	Walk and bend forward and backward without bumping into each other adding freeze. Swing arms forward and backwards four times.	Performance	challenged learners will
newspapers, materials,	Stretch arms and legs to the left and to the right two times.	Script writing	be given alternative
chairs, balls and a large	Twist upper body to the left and right with hands on the waist	Drawing	roles like that of playing
variety of objects/props to	Jump four times and make a quarter turn each time they land.	Artefacts	musical instruments.
improvise and compose	p	METHOD	
movement sequences. DRAMA	ACTIVITY 2	METHOD Teacher	
AS: Makes use of hand or	 The teacher asks the learners to form straight lines of four to six. 	Group	
costume props, puppets,	With the teacher, in their lines they walk forward and backwards 4 times to the left and right 4 times.	Peer	
mask or other external	 They stretch to the left and right four times, bend forward four times, twist up and down four times, make a half turn four times and end their dance with a jump and a gesture. 		
resources to tell stories and	make a han turn four times and end then dance with a jump and a gesture.	TOOL	
portray characters.	ACTIVITY 3	Rubric	
VISUAL ARTS AS: Makes masks and crafts.	 Learners are asked to bring cans, stones, newspapers, balls and a large variety of props to use when 	Observation sheet.	
artefacts, costumes, collages	composing movement sequences.		
or puppets using natural,	The teacher divides the learners into groups.		
waste or found materials.	Each group is given different units of action e.g.		
COMPOSITE AS: Makes a puppet and	= acr. g. sap to g. to different diffic of detion o.g.		
uses it to create a puppet	Group 1 (walk, stretch, bend, twist)		
show with music and	Group 2 (bend, stretch, twist, turn)		
movement.	Group 3 (stretch, bend, twist, walk)		
	Group 4 (twist, turn, bend, walk)		
	- To improvise their dance sequences.		
	They start their dance with stillness and end it with a jump and a gesture.		
	Each group is given a chance to practice its dance with the teacher moving around the group.		
	Learners must use their material when composing their dances.		

Lesson Plan: 2

Phase: Intermediate

Grade: 4

Term: 1

Grade 4	DATE:	DURATION: 240 min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Personal Development > Improvisation incorporate elements/concept in the Arts
LO's and ASS.	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
SVIII S: Dancing decig	ACTIVITY 4 Learners perform their different dance sequences and the teacher assesses them. ACTIVITY 5 Learners are given papers to draw an animal that resembles them and write their names, colour them and write 3 words that describe that particular animal (what kind of an animal it is; quiet, kind, shy etc.). The learners in turn imitate how these animals walk and make sounds made by his or her animal to the class. ACTIVITY 6 The teacher reads any animal story (e.g. a story about the animals that were summoned by their king —lion- to a meeting). Learners must identify the characters in the story and the lines spoken by these animals. The teacher writes down names of the animals and their lines in a form of a dialogue to develop a script to be performed by the learners. ACTIVITY 7 Instructions to the learners: In groups learners choose different characters based on the script. Using markers, scissors, cartridge papers or cardboards and staplers or glue, paints each learner draw and outline and cuts out and create a mask or a head puppet of the chosen animal and colour it. Learners may use newspapers to create other characters e.g. mosquitoes and other insects in preparation for a puppet show. In their show they must incorporate dance sequences that were composed earlier with music ACTIVITY 8 Learners practice their lines together with dance and music in their groups with the help of the teacher. ACTIVITY 9 The learners perform their puppet show.		
JAILLS. Dancing, design	ning, composing, improvising, dramatising, drawing		

Grade 4	DATE:	DURATION:	CONTENT IN
		240 min	CONTEXT: Personal
			Development
			Improvisation
			incorporate
			elements/concept
			in the Arts
LO's and ASS.	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF	BARRIERS TO
		ASSESSMENT	LEARNING
KNOWLEDGE: Dance sequen	ices, script writing		
VALUES: Enjoyment, enthusia	asm, appreciation, respect		
RESOURCES: pencils, market	rs, scissors, cartridge papers, cardboards, staplers, glue, paints, crayons, newspapers, cans, stones		
EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES	S: Learners are encouraged to watch puppet shows on T.V.		
Teacher Reflection:			

Grade 4 Term 1 Lesson 2 Rubric for Intermediate Phase

CRITERIA	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Improvises and compose dance	Learners are unable to improvise and	Show little understanding in improvising	Learners are able to improvise and	Show an outstanding ability in
sequences	compose dance sequences	and composing dance sequences	compose dance sequences	improvising and composing dance
				sequences
Use cans, stones, and a large	Learners are unable to use cans,	Show little understanding using cans,	Learners are able to use cans,	Show an outstanding ability in using
variety of objects in dance	stones, and a large variety of objects	stones, and a large variety of objects in	stones and a large variety of objects	cans, stones, and a large variety of
sequences	in dance sequences	dance sequences	in dance sequences	objects in dance sequences
Makes and costumes, collages or	Learners are unable to make masks,	Show limited ability to make masks,	Learners are able to make masks,	Show an outstanding ability in making
masks or puppets using natural,	costumes, collages or puppets using	costumes, collages or puppets using	costumes, collages or puppets using	masks, costumes, collages or puppets
waste or found materials.	natural, waste or found materials.	natural, waste or found materials.	natural, waste or found materials.	using natural, waste or found materials.
Makes use of hand or costume	Learners are unable to makes use of	Show little understanding in making use of	Learners are able make use of hand	Show an outstanding ability in making
props, puppets and masks to tell	hand or costume props, puppets and	hand or costume props, puppets and	or costume props, puppets and	use of hand or costume props, puppets
stories and portray characters in	masks to tell stories and portray	masks to tell stories and portray	masks to tell stories and portray	and masks to tell stories and portray
a puppet show.	characters in a puppet show.	characters in a puppet show.	characters in a puppet show.	characters in a puppet show.

GRADE: 4	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Musical instruments in the environment					
LO s and ASs	Learning Activities	Details of Assessment Methods and Tools	Provision of learners with barriers to learning					
LO: 2 REFLECTING (Cluster 2) MUSIC AS: Listens to and identifies musical instruments in terms of appearance, name, how sound is produced, timbre and general pitch classification (high – low)	ACTIVITY 1 The learners brainstorm about the musical instruments they know. The teacher writes the names on the board, learners mention how sounds are produced in those instruments and describe how each instrument looks like. Learners are provided with different text books, magazines, charts, posters newspapers and are to identify different types of musical instruments that are not on the board. ACTIVITY 2 (Identification of musical instruments) The teacher brings some available musical instruments like melodica, shakers, drum, recorders to the class and name, plays the instruments for the learners. 1. Learners are divided into groups and allocate instruments to each group. 2. Learners are asked to identify and name the musical instruments. 3. They play the musical instruments to produce sounds 4. Learners to explain how sound are produced from each instrument e.g. shaking, scratching, blowing etc. 4. The teacher asks whether the sound is high or low to identify the pitch 5. The learners identify the quality of sound (timbre) of each instrument, if it is heavy or light. Activity 4 Learner Teacher assessment The teacher brings pre-recorded sounds of different musical instruments and learners listen and identify musical instruments	FORMS Performances Oral - Discussions Aural - Listening METHODS Group Teacher TOOLS Checklist Observation Sheet Rubric Worksheet	Visually impaired learners will be accommodated by being given instruments so that they can feel the shapes					
SKILLS: Listening, Identifying, producing, naming								
KNOWLEDGE: Names of musical instruments, appearance and sound produced.								
VALUES: Appreciation, Tolerance RESOURCES: Music instruments e.g. shakers, rattles, drums, flute, guitar, melodica, Whistle, vuvuzela, piano.								
	: Play a musical DVD that will reflect various music instruments in action./ Bring pictures with musical instrum	nents/Take learners to a mus	sical concert					
Teacher Reflection:								

Lesson Plan: 3

Phase: Intermediate

Grade: 4

Term: 1

Grade: 4 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 3 Analytic Rubric Phase: Intermediate

CRITERIA	LEVEL 4	LEVEL 3	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 1
Listens to and name musical instruments.	Learners show an excellent ability to listen and name musical instruments.	Learners are able to listen and name musical instruments.	Learners show a little understanding in listening and naming musical instruments.	Learners are unable to listen and name musical instruments.
Listens to and identifies musical instruments in terms of appearance	Learners show an excellent ability to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of appearance	Learners are able to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of appearance	Learners show little understanding in listening and identifying musical instruments in terms of appearance.	Learners are unable to listens and identify musical instruments in terms of appearance
Listens to and identify musical instruments in terms of how sound is produced.	Learners show an excellent ability to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of how sound is produced.	Learners are able to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of how sound is produced.	Learners show little understanding in listening and identifying musical instruments in terms of how sound is produced.	Learners are unable to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of how sound is produced.
Listens to and identify musical instruments in terms of timbre	Learners show an excellent ability to listens and identify musical instruments in terms of timbre	Learners are able to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of timbre	Learners show little understanding in listening and identifying musical instruments in terms of timbre	Learners are unable to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of timbre
Listen to and identify musical instruments in terms of pitch.	Learners show an excellent ability to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of pitch.	Learners are able to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of pitch.	Learners show little understanding in listening and identifying musical instruments in terms of pitch.	Learners are unable to listen and identify musical instruments in terms of pitch.

GRADE 5	Grade: 5 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 1 Phas	be: Intermediate DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context :
			Physical and Personal Development (Warm Ups in Dance and Drama)
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 1: INTEGRATION 1 (CLUSTER 1) DANCE AS: In preparing the body, follows a warm-up ritual that develops coordination and control. DRAMA AS: Performs simple teacher-directed relaxation, breathing and resonance exercises when warming up and cooling down. AS: Responds to aural, oral, visual, tactile and kinaesthetic stimuli in dramatic games and exercises.	Activity 1: Learners warm up by gently shaking out their bodies. Avoid jerky movements as they will create tension. Breathe regularly and fully in rhythm with the movements. Stand comfortably with feet apart and lift arms above the head held high. Swing forward and down, arms, head and shoulders, upper back, waist. Release knees until curled. Stand with your feet apart, not too wide. Arms at your sides Stretch arms above the head. Relax down bending the knees; drop the head and hands to the floor. Pause, and then recover unfolding the spine slowly, the head being the last to recover. Activity 2: Resonance Exercises Learners lie on their backs with their jaws slightly apart and lips closed loosely over the jaws. With throat relaxed and open, make a humming sound, bringing the hum forward on to the lips. Try a series of Moo, Maw, Mah, Mer, Mee repeatedly, making sure that the sound is full and well forward in the mouth. Activity 3: Breathing exercise The class selects a simple rhyme known by everyone. Learners run on the spot and recite the rhyme over again in loud, clear voices. Learners will become breathless and will be forced to breathe deeply to fill up their lungs to continue the exercise. Activity 4:Verbal Dynamic Learners move at different levels – (low, middle and high). Learners move around creatively and are encouraged to combine their sounds and movements. Activity 6:Drama Games Learners sit on chairs in a circle. A leader is chosen. Remove the leader's chair from the circle so that the group is short of one chair. The leader moves around, outside the circle, imitating movements of the following (locomotion):	FORM - Performance METHODS Teacher Group Peer TOOLS Checklist Rubric/Rating scale Observation Sheet	Learners with physical challenges to be assisted

GRADE 5	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context: Physical and Personal Development (Warm Ups in Dance and Drama)
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
	train, bicycle, swimming, silly walks. The leader gently taps a few chosen people on their head and they follow him and copy his form of locomotion. When the leader has six to eight members behind him, the teacher says "Scramble". Everyone, May not cross the circle or turn around in their quest to find a seat. The learner who is left without a seat is on for the next round and must use a different type of locomotion. Activity 7: People to people In pairs, learners have to respond to the instructions of the teacher, who will call out: Ears to ears, noses to noses, elbows to elbows etc. The pairs have to ensure that those body parts are touching each other. Activity 8: Dragon's Tail The learners are divided into two groups. Each group create a dragon with their bodies. The last person is given a bright red piece of material to tuck into his/her clothing. This represents the dragon's tail. The teacher play a recorded music (or live drums) in different tempo and learners move according to music (fast, moderate, slow). This will depict how they respond to the aural stimuli. The groups try to catch the tail of the other dragon without losing their own tail in the process. A slow tempo to a total silence of music will lead learners to a cooling down and relaxation. Activity 9: Consolidation Learners reflect on the experience		

SKILL: Listening, Memorising, Reacting, Improves the quality of communication, warm up the voice and body appropriately before dramatic activities.

KNOWLEDGE: Different types of movements, Using space, Body Warm ups, Resonance, Breathing Exercises, Relaxation Techniques

VALUES: enjoyment, sharing, appreciation

Resources: Floor Space, Chairs

EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Learners develop their own warm-ups. The teacher repeats the activity with a different story.

Teacher Reflection:

Rubric for assessing different stages in drama and dance warm-ups

LO 1	EXCELLENT ACHIEVEMENT	SATISFACTORY	PARTIAL	NOT
CREATING INTERPRETING	4	ACHIEVEMENT	ACHIEVEMENT	ACHIEVED
AND PRESENTING		3	2	1
AS: Performs simple teacher	Performs simple teacher	Performs simple teacher	Needs encouragement to perform	Cannot perform simple teacher
directed relaxation	directed relaxation	directed relaxation	simple teacher directed	directed relexation, co-
Breathing and resonance	Breathing and resonance	Breathing and resonance	relaxation, co-	ordination,control,breathing
exercises when warming up and	exercises when warming up and	exercises when warming up and	ordination,control,breathing and	And resonance exercises when
cooling down	cooling down with great skill	cooling down	resonance exercises when	warming up and cooling down
			warming up and cooling down	
AS: Responds to aural, oral,	Responds to aural, oral, visual,	Responds to aural, oral, visual,	Needs prompting to respond to	Does not respond well to aural,
visual, tectile and kinaesthetic	tectile and kinaesthetic stimuli in	tectile and kinaesthetic stimuli in	aural, oral, visual, tectile and	oral, visual, tectile and
stimuli in dramatic games and	dramatic games and exercises	dramatic games and exercises	kinaesthetic stimuli in dramatic	kinaesthetic stimuli in dramatic
exercises	with confidence		games and exercises	games and exercises

	Grade: 5 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 2 Phase: Intern	mediate	
GRADE 5	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context : Personal and Social Development
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 2: INTEGRATION 1 (CLUSTER 4) MUSIC AS: Recognises and describes the different timbres of voices in choral music. AS: Listens to a variety of selected songs and identifies the genre (e.g. Blues, Pop, Kwaito, Classical, Traditional, Free-Kiba, Opera, Musicals, Malombo, Kwassa-Kwassa, Techno, Soukous), and offers opinion on the style.	Learners sing any song they all know from any Genre e.g. Gospel, Choral. The teacher divides the class into two groups. One group sings and the other listens recognising the different parts/voices in turns. The learners identify soprano, alto, and tenor, bass. The teacher then introduces the music element TIMBRE(the quality of voice) ACTIVITY 2: The teacher plays choral music from the Cassette/ CD player whilst the learners are listening. Teacher asks learners to recognise different timbres. Teacher let learners fill the worksheet below. Responding to music How many parts do you recognise in this piece of song? Which part do you find most interesting? Which part do you find most interesting? Which instruments did you hear? How often were they used? Which instruments did you hear? How often were they used? Which instruments did you was portrayed? ACTIVITY 3 FAVOURITE ARTISTS. Learners name their favourite artists (individual singers or bands) and their genre of music. Teacher records the mentioned types of music on the chalkboard for the learners to group the artists according to similar genres	FORM: Discussion Question & Answer METHOD: Teacher Observation Group observation TOOL: Worksheet	

GRADE 5	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context : Personal and Social Development
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
	ACTIVITY 4 Musical Genres. Teacher introduces learners to other genres of music –Blues, Pop, Kwaito, Classical, Free-Kiba, Kwasa etc.(Refer Teachers Resource Annexure A) Similarities and differences between the various genres are discussed.		
SKILL: Identifying analysing genre	ACTIVITY 5: ASSESSMENT- WORKSHEET/ TEST s of music, critical listening, auditory sequencing, recognising different vocal timbres in choral music		
	re (soprano, alto, tenor, bass), characteristics of various musical genres.		
VALUES: enjoyment, sharing, appre			
Resources: Tape Recorders, VCR,	Cassette Tapes, TV Media, MP3s, DVDs ,Worksheets		
	arners research a music style and write a paragraph on it, naming an artist form the genre.		
TEACHER REFLECTION:			

Lesson Plan:

2 Assessment tool: Worksheet/Test

Phase: Intermediate

ACTIVITY 1

Answer the following questions.

(a)Name 3 favourite artists.	(3)
b)What kind (genre) of music do they play/sing?	(3)
(c) Pop music is	(2)
(d) Kwaito	(2)
e) Kwassa-Kwassa is	(2)

Grade: 5

Term: 1

ACTIVITY 2

Listening to the played music, learners respond to the following questions.

- a. Mention Timbres you recognised in the piece of music (2
- b. What instruments did you hear?
- c. What atmosphere/mood was portrayed in this music (2?)
- d. In which Timbre do you sing? (2)

[20]

Possible answers:

ACTIVITY 1

- a. Depends on the learners' choice.
- b. e.g. Blues, Pop, Kwaito, Classical, Traditional, Free-Kiba, Opera, Musicals, Malombo, Kwassa-Kwassa, Techno, Soukous)
- c. Pop is short for popular music/most people play or listens for entertainment/ a catchy melody and a strong rhythm/popular with young people.
- d. Kwaito is a South African style of music/Mixture of all the types of music the youth grew up with /uses repetitive, short lyrical verses with Rap vocal technique, poetry and choral chance/lyrics are usually in a local African language with some English lines.
- e. Kwassa-Kwassa is popular west African song and dance music /shake your body style of music was popular in 1980s in Zaire (DRC) /

ACTIVITY 2

- a. Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass (Mark any 2)
- b. (Will depend on that type of music played)
- c. (Will depend on the music listened to)
- d. (Will depend on the learner)

ANNEXURE A TEACHERS' RESOURCE

STYLES OF MUSIC IN AFRICA

- > Pop is short for popular music/most people play or listens for entertainment/a catchy melody and a strong rhythm/popular with young people.
- > Kuwaiti is a South African style of music/Mixture of all the types of music the youth grew up with /uses repetitive, short lyrical verses with Rap vocal technique, poetry and choral chance/lyrics are usually in a local African language with some English lines.
- > Kwassa-Kwassa is popular west African song and dance music /shake your body style of music was popular in 1980s in Zaire (DRC) /
- > Soukous is a Zairian dance style of music. It became popular in 1980s in London and Paris. It is a joyous flowing, fast and rhythmic tune like in Latin dance rhythm, but with an African feel.
- > Techno is also called House music /it comprises of repetitive drum beats/it is popular among the youth.

GRADE 5	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context : Cultural
			diversity in drama
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 2: (CLUSTER 2)			Learners with
DRAMA	Activity 1.	FORM:	physical
AS: Reflect on drama (television,	o Learners stand in a circle and the teacher in the centre.	Discussion	challenges to be
radio, community or classroom) in	Teacher whispers different animal names repeatedly to different learners-e.g dog, cow, cat, monkey, giraffe,		assisted
terms of:	etc	METHOD:	
Recognizing key moments in a	Teacher asks the learners to move around the classroom imitating the animal they represent through walking	Teacher	
drama;	and making sound.	Group	
Identifying themes, ideas and	They are asked to identify their families without talking.	TOOL:	
moods;	After some few minutes the teacher asks learners to freeze in their group.	Checklist	
 Explaining why particular techniques were used; 	Teacher introduces learners to a few dramatic techniques such as a freeze, slow motion and fast forward.	Rubric	
Being sensitive to the social and	Teacher asks learners to repeat the activity using slow motion, fast forward and then freezing.	T tabile	
cultural contexts.	ACTIVITY 2. COMIC STRIPS		
outara contexto.	The teacher introduces comic strips by hanging them against the wall and learners discuss what the pictures		
	are all about.		
	In their groups they make up simple stories using pictures without making sounds.		
	Learners can use whatever is available in the classroom to make their scenes appealing.		
	Allow time to prepare and present the scenes for the class.		
	ACTIVITY 4.		
	Radio as a medium of communication that is available to most South Africans, will be used.		
	Learners are asked about any radio drama they have listened to.		
	The teacher asks learners about dramatic elements utilised in that radio drama e.g. mood – (how sound)		
	effects are used to create a particular atmosphere or mood.), language (the manner in which words are said,		
	the choice of words, voice- sounds and silences		
	The plays pre-recorded radio drama and then a film on television and learners compare and contrast the		
	differences in their application of dramatic techniques		
	The consolidates by providing more information on dramatic elements		
	kills ,Improvisation, work in group situation, communication		
	eze, tableaux, slow motion, fast forward		
VALUES: Enjoyment, sharing, appreci			
	Cassette Tapes, TV Media, MP3s, DVDs ,Pictures, comic strips		
EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES:			
TEACHER REFLECTION:			

Lesson Plan: 3

Phase: Intermediate

Grade: 5

Term: 1

GRADE 5	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context : Cultural diversity in drama
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING

GROUP ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST ACTIVITY 3

CRITERIA	YES	NO	COMMENTS
1.Were the learners discuss the types of drama in the community			
2.Were they discuss the advertisement they have been listening			
3. Were the learners experiment with voice techniques			
4.Were they able to create an advertisement for 2010 World Cup			
5.Did you record your advertisement either pen & paper /Tape Recorder			

	Grade: 5	Term: 1	Lesson Plan:	4	Phase: Ir	ntermediate	
GRADE 5	DATE:					DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context : Cultural and Environmental Issues in the Arts Elements
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	3				DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 4: (CLUSTER 4) VISUAL ARTS AS: Shows and explains the use of colour, pattern, design, signs and symbols in own home, in various cultures, and in the built environment.	The teacher asks the house floors, walls, cl The learners are aske symbols. The teacher then talk: Activity 2. The class brainstorm Learners are grouped The teacher provides South. Each Group cuts and allocated to them. Next to each of the sy Completed charts mu In a gallery walk grou to the visiting groups. The teacher consolidated Activity 3. The teacher selects of	present?	above are found in their ow, beadwork etc. ponses according to colour, more information South Africa. Itural groups. ers and additional information erns, designs and symbols companied by short written of s. The Spokesperson of each information that may have bouth African crest.	pattern, design, signs on about the diverse concelevant to the cultural explanation. The group must explain to been omitted by groups	ions on and ultures in group the chart	FORM: Performance Art processes & art products(Mural) Assignment Test METHOD: Teacher Self Group TOOL: Rubric Memo	Learners with physical challenges to be assisted
	What does it mean?						

GRADE 5	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context : Cultural and Environmental Issues in the Arts Elements
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
	National Coat of Arms The basic shape is oval or egg-like Symbolism 1. The rising sun: The promise of re-birth 2. The secretary bird: Protection of the nation 3. The protea: Triangular petals represent the crafts of Africa 4. Spear and knobkierie: Lying down position symbolises peace 5. Khoisan rock art figures: Greeting symbolising unity 6. Ears of wheat: Nourishment of the people 7. Elephant tusks: Wisdom and strength 8. The Motto: Diverse people unite ACTIVITY 4 TEST(Refer to activity 3) • Let learners label the Coat of Arms (8) • Describe the symbols. (8) • Colour in the Crest according to relevant colours.(4) MEMORANDUM (Refer to activity 2)		
	ng, designing ,analysing, interpreting, assembling, selecting, grouping signs and symbols, symbolic colours,		
	appreciation, consideration, enthusiasm, flexibility		
Resources: Pencils, Coloured	Pencils, Crayons, Papers, Colour wheel, Road signs, pictures, diagrams		
EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES TEACHER REFLECTION:	3: Learners research Ndebele wall art, Avid Muller, Adam Paris,(Fashion designers)etc		

	Grade: 5	Term: 1	Lesson Plan:	5	Phase:	Intermediate	
GRADE 5	DATE:					DURATION: 120 Mins	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Personal and Economic Development
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES					DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 3: (CLUSTER 4) VISUAL ARTS AS: Selects a project, plans it in a group and takes the necessary action. COMPOSITE AS: Shows spontaneity and a creative attitude in art activities.	Introduction Learners plan a project to celebrate Human Activity 1: Teacher leads a class discuss What art products will we be exhibiting Will we incorporate all four art disciplir Who will be invited in the occasion? What other activities will we include in Venue, Date and time Fundraising Activity 2 Research on Children's Rights Teacher asks learners to visit the school, Ask people from the community e.g. neig Learners report on their findings and the Activity 3 Learners brainstorm ideas of what they concentrate and trivity and the school of the school	sion and writes the services? our programme from town or city library for his hours, church, grand teacher consolidates. an make or produce that assign to each Mur. o get ideas flowing. odel, design posters, peshirts etc. et the ideas flowing. o visual presentations as a learners plan and is going to make	other learning areas or information. dparents etc about Children' o visually promote the Humsic, Drama, Poetry, Dance a	an Rights Week. nd Story Telling udio visual presentations		FORM: Performance METHOD: Teacher TOOL: Rubric Rating Scale	Learners with physical challenges to be assisted
	 Designing: Writing down and ske 	etching your ideas					

GRADE 5	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	CONTENT IN
			CONTEXT : Personal
			and Economic
			Development
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF	BARRIERS TO
		ASSESSMENT	LEARNING
	Construction: Making your two or three dimensional products		
	Activity 3: Exhibition		
	As a class, finalise the design and make a display stand		
	Presentation		
	Present the products you have made		
	,,,		
SKILL: motor skill	ls, design		
KNOWLEDGE: or	ganic shapes		
VALUES: enjoyme	nt, sharing, appreciation		
RESOURCES: pen	icils, crayons, scissors, craft knives, corrugated cardboard, etc		
	PRTUNITIES: Learners can participate in local organised Art exhibitions (like Eistedford, Bathurst Show etc).		
TEACHER REFLE	CTION:		

(Lesson 5) Assessment tool

Assessment Tool: Rubric (LO 3) INSET Book p. 65

Assessment tool (LO 1): Rating Scale

Criteria	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Use of materials				
Design includes natural and / or geometric shapes				
Share materials				
Final product is neat and functional				

Gra		e: Intermediate	
GRADE6	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Physical and personal development: warm up exercises in Dance and Drama
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 1:CREATING, INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING. (CLUSTER I) DANCE AS: In preparing the body, demonstrate increasing skills and understanding of warming up, including The development of spinal flexibility and strength; The controlled and relaxed use of the joints, especially the knees, hips and ankles. DRAMA AS: Performs a simple relaxation, breathing, resonance, pitch and articulation exercises when warming up and cooling down the voice and the body.	ACTIVITY 1 STEP 1 The teacher asks learners to walk around the class without bumping to each other. They can walk faster and slowly including stop or freeze. Learners stand in a circle, shake fingers, hands, hips, feet to loosen the joints. They also shake their bodies, nod heads smoothly and swing arms forward and backwards. STEP 2 The teacher teaches learners a song that will help them bend knees and the spine (head and shoulders knees and toes e.g. "Toe, knee chestnut, nose I love him" Learners touch the parts of the body while singing these songs ACTIVITY 2 STEP 1 BLOWING UP A BALLOON The learners find their own space. They imagine that they are blowing up a big balloon. They should stand upright and take the biggest breath possible before they start blowing up their balloon. They continue until the balloon is fully blown. STEP 2 RELEASING SOUND Learners jump around the room letting themselves become floppy and loose. As they do so, the teacher asks them to release whatever sound. The sound will be a variation of 'huh, huh, huh. Encourage learners to see how the sound change as they change the ways they are jumping. Let them increase and decrease volume. STEP 3 PROJECTING SOUND Learners repeat the sentence e.g. "Hello, why don't you come over here?" in different ways. For example: -as if they are talking to a friend sitting across the aisle from them -as if their friend is outside the classroom at the window -as if they are calling their friend at the other end of the playground. STEP 4 The learners walk around the class slowly breathing in and out doing cooling down exercises.	FORM Practical demonstration Performance METHOD Teacher Peer Group TOOL Checklist Observation Sheet	In the case of lack of space learners are taken outside. Physically challenged learners are given alternative roles like clapping, singing and playing musical instruments to keep rhythm
SKILLS: Bending , jumping, articulation	n, breathing, safe landing n warming up and cooling down exercises		
VALUES: Enjoyment, sharing, apprecia			
	poks, tape recorders and cassettes, used materials		
	ers are encouraged to watch warm up exercises in the T. V. They can participate in sport activi	ties.	
Teacher Reflection:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

GRADE6	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Physical and personal development: warm up exercises in Dance and Drama
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING

GRADE 6 CHECKLISTS FOR LESSON 1

	YES OR NO	COMMENTS
1. Did the learners listen to the instructions?		
2. Were they able to do all the exercises?		
3. Were they able to sing all the songs?		
4. Were they able to do the voice exercises?		
5. Were they able to say the same sentences in different ways?		

Grade: 6 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 2 Phase: Intermediate

GRADE: 6	DATE:	DURATION: 180 Min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Personal development-
			Creative processes in
			dance
LO's and ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS OF
			LEARNING
LO 3: CLUSTER 1	ACTIVITY 1	FORMS	Physical challenged will do
DANCE	The learners brainstorm about types of dances they know They identify from	Practical demonstration	non-loco motor movements
AS: Works co- operatively with partners,	which cultures these dances come, and also categorise them.	Performance	like clapping and clicking
improvising and composing dance		Worksheet	and they also sing for the
sequences.	ACTIVITY 2		dancers.
AS: Shares opinion with other learners	Learners do warm-up. Working in pairs they move around their partners		
about dances from various cultures in a	who must be still, they take turns in doing that.	METHODO	
supportive and constructive way.	Learners move around each other in different ways e.g. zigzag, sideways,	METHODS	
	forward and backward etc.	Teacher	
		Peer	
	ACTIVITY 4	Group	
	The teacher gives learners an instruction;		
	The learners must come up with their own music that they will use in their		

GRADE: 6	DATE:	DURATION: 180 Min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Personal development- Creative processes in dance
LO's and ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS OF
			LEARNING
	dances. They must also come up with props and costumes that they will use in their dances. In an open space practise some of the above dance movements with a partner or in groups ACTIVITY 5	TOOL Observation sheet Rubric	
CKILL Co. Improvingation Composition Differe	Learners perform their dances in the classroom.		

SKILLS: Improvisation, Composition, Differentiation,

KNOWLEDGE: Dances form different cultures,

VALUES: Sharing, appreciation, respect, co-operation

RESOURCES: Pencils, pens, exercise books, pictures/ photographs, space

EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Learners are encouraged to attend cultural events in their communities. Learners are also encouraged to watch dance performances from other culture. They are also encouraged to attend arts festivals where dances from different cultures are performed.

TEACHER REFLECTION:

OBSERVATION SHEET FOR GRADE 6 LESSON 2 TERM 1

	Yes Or No	COMMENTS
1 Did the learners share opinions with others about dances from various cultures?		
2 Were they able to categorise dances according to various cultures?		
3 Were they able to do warm-ups effectively?		
4 Were they able imitate dance sequences from different cultures?		
5 Were they able to work co-operatively with partners?		
6 Were they able to make their own costumes for performance?		
7 Were they able to come up with relevant music for their dances?		
8 Were they able to make use of props?		
9 Did they work in a supportive and constructive way?		
10 Was the performance of the expected standard?		

Gra	ade: 6 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 3 Phase	: Intermediate	
GRADE 6	DATE:	DURATION:240 min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Personal and Cultural Development:Ceative processes incorporating the art forms(Visual Art,Dance,Drama and Music)
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 2 REFLECTING (CLUSTER 5) COMPOSITE AS: Explores and discusses own concept of culture.	ACTIVITY 1 The learners brainstorm and discuss the meaning of the word 'culture' with the help of the teacher. The teacher asks them guiding questions such as; What do you understand about the term "culture"? (how people do things in that particular are norms, beliefs, traditions and values) What determines the culture of a particular area? (food, clothes/attire, buildings, transport, ceremonies, rituals or activities that are performed by people in that area) ACTIVITY 2 The teacher asks the learners to sit in groups and discuss the following questions What culture do you belong to? How many different cultures are there in your group? Name other cultural groups you know The learners present their discussion to the class with the help of the teacher where necessary. ACTIVITY 3 In their groups the learners are given one culture to find out as much as they can about the following:	FORMS Oral Presentation Performance Research Test METHODS Teacher Group TOOLS Rubric Memo Observation Sheet	Learners are encouraged to help each other in their groups. Remedial class is encouraged for slow learners.

GRADE 6	DATE:	DURATION:240 min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Personal and Cultural Development:Ceative processes incorporating the art forms(Visual Art,Dance,Drama and Music)			
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING			
	Cultural dress Cultural traditions Cultural beliefs Cultural food Cultural dance and music. The learners present their findings to the rest of the class. ACTIVITY 4 The teacher asks learners to come up with a particular ceremony that will portray the culture that they have chosen in their groups. Learners may bring food, dresses, props and include dance as well as music in their ceremony. ACTIVITY 5 The learners will practise and rehearse their ceremony in preparation for presentation. ACTIVITY 6 The learners present their ceremonies in the class for all learners to be exposed in different cultures in a form of performance.					
	SKILLS: Exploring, investigating, presenting, discussing. KNOWLEDGE: Concept of culture, different cultures, different ceremonies.					
VALUES: Respect, enjoyment, sharing	VALUES: Respect, enjoyment, sharing, co-operation					
RESOURCES: Pens, books, CD's DVI	RESOURCES: Pens, books, CD's DVD's, Oxford Successful Arts and Culture Grade 6.					
	s are encouraged to attend cultural ceremonies in their communities.					
Teacher Reflection:						

TERM 1GRADE 6 LESSON 3 OBSERVATION SHEET

	YES/NO	COMMENTS
Did the learners understand the meaning of the word culture?		
Were they able to identify what determines culture?		
Were they able to identify different cultures?		
Were they able to come up with information about cultural		
dresses, traditions, beliefs, food, dance and music?		
Were they able to come up with a ceremony based on the		
culture they have chosen?		
Were they able to do oral presentation about their findings?		

LO'S & AS'S LEARNING ACTIVITIES LOS PARTICIPATING AND COLLABORATING (LUSTER 3) CULSTER 4) CULSTER 4) CULSTER 4) CULSTER 4) CULSTER 5) CULSTER 5) CULSTER 5) CULSTER 5) CULSTER 6) CULSTER		Grade: 6 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 4	Phase: Intermediate	
LOS & AS'S LEARNING ACTIVITIES LO3 PARTICIPATING AND COLLABORATING (CLUSTER 3) MUSIC SS. Sings and/or plays in a group-zanons, rounds and two-part songs from at least three cultural traditions. INTEGRATION WITHIN LO2 REFLECTING MUSIC ASC Islates to and discusses the use of repetitions as an organising principle in African music. ACROSS LIFE ORIENTATION LO3-PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT AND MOVEMENT AS: Performs rhythmic patterns of movement with co-ordination and control. MOVEMENT AS: Performs rhythmic patterns of movement with co-ordination and control. SKILLS: Singing, Researching LEARNING ACTIVITY 5 LEARNING ACTIVITY 1 (WARM — UP) The teacher tells learners to form a circle. The teacher stands inside the circle and instructs them to hum quietly and gradually increase the volume (indicate this also by hand signal). Learners are told to go through various dynamics le. Loud, very soft et. The teacher tells the learners to to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least frour to eight crotichet beast in a bar to develop breath control. Apply various dynamics as in the crecitivate region and an about 5 to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for an elast four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh ech. They must sustain each sound for an elast four to sing a sound ahh, ech, lith, ohh ech. They must su	GRADE:6	DATE:	DURATION:180min	Music Xhosa Sotho Pedi Zulu
COLLABORATING (CLUSTER 3) MUSIC AS: Sings and/or plays in a group-canons, rounds and two-part songs from at least three cultural traditions. INTEGRATION WITHIN LO2 REFLECTING MUSIC AS: Listens to and discusses the se of repetitions as an organising principle in African music. ACROSS Life Tollentation LO4 APH'SICAL DEVELOPMENT AND MOYEMENT AS: Performs rhythmic patterns on the more must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The teacher will conduct all the groups so as to end smoothly in different cultures to practise and rehearse for performance. ACTIVITY 4 Learners are asked to find out about canons, rounds or two part songs from at least three cultural traditions of South Africa. They present their findings in the class. The teacher divides the learners into groups, each group will be given a song from different cultures to practise and rehearse for performance. ACTIVITY 5 The learners will perform their songs singing in canons. They will choose one learner as their conduct in their group that will show when to start, and when to end. They can add musical instruments in their songs.	LO'S & AS'S	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO
SKILLS :Singing ,Researching	COLLABORATING (CLUSTER 3) MUSIC AS: Sings and/or plays in a group-canons, rounds and two-part songs from at least three cultural traditions. INTEGRATION WITHIN LO2 REFLECTING MUSIC AS: Listens to and discusses the use of repetitions as an organising principle in African music. ACROSS LIFE ORIENTATION LO 4:PHYSICAL	The teacher tells learners to form a circle. The teacher stands inside the circle and instructs learners to be still. They should be absolutely silent. He instructs them to hum quietly and gradually increase the volume (indicate this also by hand signal). Learners are told to go through various dynamics i.e. loud, very loud, soft, very soft etc. The teacher tells the learners to sing a sound ahh, eeh, ihh, ohh, uhh etc. They must sustain each sound for at least four to eight crotchet beats in a bar to develop breath control. Apply various dynamics as in the previous humming sound. ACTIVITY 2 The teacher introduces songs from different cultures to learners and they sing with the teacher until they can sing alone. Songs like: (Toe knee chest nut, nose eye love him, toe knee nose, toe knee nose, that's what toe knee nose). (Umzi watsha umzi watsha khangela phaya khangela phaya umlilo umlilo galela manzi galela manzi),(vader ja kop) ACTIVITY 3 The teacher will divide the learners into groups of three and introduces to the learners how a canon is sung by letting one group to start, the second group to follow and the third group to follow. The learners must make sure that they keep their parts not to be disturbed by other groups. The teacher will conduct all the groups so as to end smoothly in different times. ACTIVITY 4 Learners are asked to find out about canons, rounds or two part songs from at least three cultural traditions of South Africa. They present their findings in the class .The teacher divides the learners into groups, each group will be given a song from different cultures to practise and rehearse for performance. ACTIVITY 5 The learners will perform their songs singing in canons. They will choose one learner as their conduct in their group that will show when to start, and when to end. They can add musical	Performance Research Practical Demonstration METHODS Teacher Group Peer TOOLS Rubric	Remedial class will be done for those learners
	SKILLS :Singing ,Researching KNOWLEDGE: Canons, two and t	three part songs from cultural tradition of South Africa		

GRADE:6	DATE:	DURATION:180min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Cultural diversity in Music
			 Afrikaner etc
LO'S & AS'S	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
VALUES: Respect, sharing, co-operation, enjoyment.			
RESOURCES: C D's ,DVD's , Oxford Successful Arts and Culture Grade 6,Creative voices handbook skill Building B			
EXPANDED OPPORTUNITY: Learners are encouraged to listen to songs from different cultures and practice			
	Singing them in canons		
Teacher Reflection:			

TERM I LESSON 4 GRADE 6 RUBRIC

CRITERIA	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	LEVEL 4
Sings and/or plays in a group-	Learners are unable to sing and/or	Learners show a little understanding	Learners are able to sing and/or play	Learners show outstanding ability in
canons, rounds and two-part songs	play in a group-canons, rounds and	in singing and/or playing in a group-	in a group-canons, rounds and two-	singing and/or playing in a group-
from at least three cultural traditions.	two-part songs from at least three	canons, rounds and two-part songs	part songs from at least three	canons, rounds and two-part songs
	cultural traditions.	from at least three cultural traditions.	cultural traditions.	from at least three cultural traditions.

Grac	de: 6 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 5	Phase: Intermediate	
GRADE: 6	DATE:	DURATION: 180 Min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Personal Development -Creative processes in Visual Arts using found/natural or bought material -Application of Visual Arts Concepts.
LO 'S & AS'S	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 2 REFLECTING (CLUSTER 4) VISUAL ARTS AS: Identifies the main purposes and design features of artworks in the home, the community and public places in terms of theme, subject and scale.	ACTIVITY 1 STEP 1 The teacher brings art works by any South African artist e.g. George Milwa Phemba, Gerald Sekoto etc. These art works must be in a variety of media. STEP 2 Using one of the art works the teacher explains the meaning of theme, subject matter and scale. • A theme is what the painting or the drawing is all about or a message that the painting carries. • A subject is the topic dealt with in an artwork. • A scale tells us about the size of art. ACTIVITY 2 Using other art works the teacher gives the learners in groups to analyse each of the artworks focusing on purpose and use of design elements (line, colour, texture, tone etc). Ideas can be derived from the title of the work, name of the artist, date of the work, social and historical background of the work. They must also identify the theme, subject matter and scale. Learners present their findings in class. ACTIVITY 4	FORMS Oral presentation Investigation Excursion Worksheet METHODS Teacher Group Peer TOOLS Checklist Memo Rubric	Remedial class will be done for slow learners.
	The learners present their findings in the class.		
SKILLS: Identifying, investigating,		-	
	design features of an artwork. Scale, subject, theme.		
VALUES: Sharing, co-operation, re RESOURCES: Posters. Magazines			
	rners are given opportunity of looking for more design features in their environment		

GHADE: 6	DATE:		DURATION: 180 Min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Personal Development -Creative processes in Visual Arts using found/natural or bought material -Application of Visual Arts Concepts.
TEACHER RELECTION:				
	TERM 1 LE	SSON 5 WORKSHEET		
QUESTIONS				
Define the following terms				
1. Scale				(3)
2. Theme				,
				(3)
3. Subject				(3)
4. Mention any three design feature	es you know? (a)	(b) (c)		
		TOTAL [12]		
3. Subject is the topic dealt within a 4. Design elements/ features: (a) Colour (b) Line (c) Texture	painting is all about or the message of that art form. (3)	<u>MEMO</u>		

Grade: 7 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 1 Phase: Senior

GRADE 7	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context : Safe
			and Healthy Environment-
			Warm up exercises in Dance and Drama
LO s and AS s	Learning Activities	Details of assessment	Provisions for learners
		methods and tools	with barriers to learning Differently abled learners
LO 1: CREATING, INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING	Activity One	Form	Classroom be accessible
CLUSTER 1	Learners start with a simple warm up and cooling down activity. In partners they say and do the following activity words:	Practical Demonstration Role-Play	Peer assistance promoted
Dance	Rise – fall (repeat 5 times)	Spoken Language	Sign language utilized
AS: In preparing the body, applies safe dance practice and	Stretch – release (repeat 5 times)	Method Teacher	
healthy use of the body, for example:	Jump up- down (repeat 5 times and landing safely in each case)	Group Peer	
warming up and cooling down;good postural and joint alignment;	Activity Two	Tool	
released/soft use of joints;safe landing from elevation	Learners join hands and not let go	Rubrics Observation sheet	
(jumping); • stretching with safety.	Make gentle pushing and pulling movement, stretching with safety using the strength of your arms to support each other.		
Drama	Use each other's body weight for balance		
AS: Follows a teacher-directed warm-up routine	Explore different levels while they do the activity		
warm up routine	Relax and cool down		
	Activity Three		
	Learners follow teacher-directed activities as follows:		
	Finger to nose activity:		
	Person A points a finger at person B. Person B holds his or her nose close to A's finger (but not touching). A then moves the finger up, down and around, etc. and B follows the finger, nose first. Both A and B allow their whole body to respond to the movement. A does not have to remain in one place; he/she can move around the room leading B by the nose.		

Apple Dance activity:

Using an apple, an orange or tennis ball, try this: Stand facing your partner. Move your heads close together and hold the apple between your foreheads. Keep holding the apple between your foreheads and move round. Once you can do this comfortably, each person can experiment with his/her own movement. Do not drop the apple.

Vocal resonance exercises:

While humming a simple tune feel the vibrations in the facial area, using their hands.

Breathing exercise:

Hold a piece of paper 20cm from the mouth and breathe in to fill the lungs. As you exhale, keeps the paper moving at a steady rate. Distance of paper can increase as breathing skills develop.

Skills: Body Control, Interpretation, Coordination, Balancing, Jumping and landing, Creativity etc.

Knowledge: Safe dance practice, Dance elements e.g. Glides, Darts etc.

Values & Attitudes: Appreciation, Enthusiasm, Co-operation

Resources:

Audio-Visual Aids:

- Tape / Video / Cassette/ DVD/ MP3s Players
- Music on tapes /videos/ DVDs
- Pictures.

Fruits : (Oranges/ Apples/ Pears etc.)
Dance Floor / Space/ Rehearsal Room

Costume

Expanded opportunities:

- Linkages with national observed events e.g. Freedom/ Heritage Day activities
- Field- trips to Art Centres and Arts Festivals

Teacher reflection: (For example)

- · Coordination problems on warm up exercises were identified among learners, but improved at a later stage.
- Enthusiasm was noted with reference to trust exercises.
- Limitation of time was evident

GRADE 7 A HOLISTIC RUBRIC FOR ASSESSMENT

Grade 7

LO 1: CREATING, INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING

Dance

AS: In preparing the body, applies safe dance practice and healthy use of the body, for example:
 • warming up and cooling down;
 • good postural and joint alignment;
 • released/soft use of joints;
 • safe landing from elevation (jumping);
 • stretching with safety.

Drama

AS: Follows a teacher-directed warm-up routine

ASSESSMENT STANDARD	LEVEL 7 80-100%	LEVEL 6 70-79	LEVEL 5 60-69	LEVEL 4 50-59	LEVEL 3 40-49	LEVEL 2 30-39	LEVEL 1 0-29
LO 4 ODE ATINO	OI.						
LO 1: CREATING, INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING	Shows an outstanding ability to flexibly	Shows a meritorious/ commendable ability to flexibly and effectively	Shows a substantial/ considerable ability	Shows adequate/ sufficient ability to apply safe dance	Shows moderate/ fair ability to apply safe dance practice	Shows elementary / basic ability to apply safe dance practice	Unable to demonstrate ability to apply
Dance	and effectively apply safe	apply safe dance practice and healthy use	to flexibly apply safe dance practice	practice and healthy use of the body	and healthy use of the body	and healthy use of the body	safe dance practice and
AS: In preparing the body, applies safe dance practice and healthy use of the body	dance practice and healthy use of the body	of the body	and healthy use of the body				healthy use of the body

GRADE: 7 **DURATION: 120** DATE: Content in Context: Past and Mins present South African Artists: Heritage and the Arts Information Resources BARRIERS TO LEARNING LOS AND ASS LEARNING ACTIVITIES DETAILS OF **ASSESSMENT** LO2: REFLECTING **CLUSTER 1 ACTIVITY 1 (Brainstorming) FORM** Learners who have learning COMPOSITE With the guidance of the teacher Oral presentation barriers are given more time to AS: Finds out about a 1. Learners brainstorm different artists of the past or present from different art forms e.g. Miriam Makheba, Discussions finish the task. The physically Lucky Dube, Letta Mbulu, Jonas Gwangwa, Pat Matshikiza, Daphne Hlomuka, Simpiwe Dana, Thandiswa South African artist of challenged learners are Mazwayi, Mandoza, George Pemba, Gladys Mgudlandlu, Gerrard Sekoto, Dan Rakgoathe, John Kani, provided with more resources the past or present. **METHOD** from any art form, and Winston Ntshona, etc. Teacher like libraries, internet, DVDs reports to the class. 2. With the teacher's guidance the learners categorise the artists according to their arts disciplines. Learner and human resources. 3. They arrange them according to the past and present periods Curator/Tour guide 4. They talk about the origins, time, inspirations and influences and the market. DANCE AS: Researches a **ACTIVITY 2 (Classroom Research)** TOOL traditional dance in the 1. Learners are divided into groups of four and each group is allocated an art form i.e. Dance, Drama Music Questionnaires Worksheet community from people, and Visual Arts 2. The teacher supplies the learners with a variety of resource material like: magazines with artists. books or videos and presents it to the class. Resource books for Pemba, and News Paper cuttings with artists, audio tapes, and DVD's e.tc. 3. The group has to chose one artist that they like most, and write down the information about this artist under the following topics **VISUAL ARTS** AS: Gathers information Name of an artist from field trips, excursions, interviews Place of origin or other sources to analyse the contribution The type of music/ visual art /drama/dance the artist is involved in of art, craft and design to everyday life and to The period (era) South Africa's heritage Artistic training Exhibition of artist work/performance The success stories of the artist(high lights) Challenges in the field(Low lights)

Lesson Plan: 2

Phase: Senior

Grade: 7

GRADE: 7	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context: Past and present South African Artists; Heritage and the Arts Information Resources
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
	This activity is done in class and the learners continue to do it as a home work.(informal assessment) ACTIVITY 3 1.Class presentations 2.Discussions and Consolidation (teacher and the learners)		
	ACTIVITY 4 1. Class Discussions by the teacher and learners about the traditional dances that are in their environment. 2. The teacher develops a questionnaire and discusses and explains it to the learners. 3. Learners are sent home to find information about the traditional dance guided by the questionnaire.(a one week project) 4. The learners present their findings in class, and hand in their questioners to the teacher for assessment. 5. Learners reflect on each group presentations. 6. The teacher consolidates.		
	ACTIVITY 5 (Fieldtrips) 1. The teacher discusses with the class the various ways of gathering information like on excursions, field trips, interviews etc. 2. The differences between these methods and tools used are also explained in the class. 3. The teacher thereafter designs a tool for collecting information on a field trip. 4. The aim and the focus of the field trip is firstly outlined in the class 5. Then every group starts with preparations like ensuring that each group has the necessary equipment needed 6. On departure it is ensured that every learner is clear on what to do at the cultural village/ art centre/art gallery/museum like looking at craftwork e.g. beadwork designs i.e. colours, patterns in relation to everyday life and the south African heritage, looking at the Rock Art paintings, Grass mats, San Art etc.		

GRADE: 7	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context: Past and present South African Artists; Heritage and the Arts Information Resources
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
	7. The learners are assisted by the curator or tour guide at the scene and they are given the opportunity to ask questions and fill in their worksheets. 8. The learners report at school about their findings (Class discussions) and submit their worksheets for assessment.		

SKILLS: Investigate, Research, Gathering of information, Interviews, Analyse

KNOWLEDGE: dance sequences: - partial levels, motion factors, artists of the past, awareness of the audience. Traditional dances, contribution of art in S.A heritage.

VALUES: Enjoyment, sharing, appreciation.

RESOURCES: Pens, Pencils, Questionnaires and Worksheets

EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Plan future visits to art galleries, museums and art centres. Invite various artists to share their knowledge and expertise with the learners. **TEACHER REFLECTIONS:**

ACTIVITY 4 QUESTIONARE DANCE

1. What type of dances are there in your community?

- 2. Classify these dances according to gender and age.3. Specify the dances in relation occasions.

ACTIVITY 5

- 4. Link the dancers' costumes with the type of dances that you have found in your community.

 5. Which dance movements are common in the different dances you have researched?

VISUAL ARTS
FIELD TRIP 1. What have you observed along the way to the centre/cultural village?
Describe the general appearance of the centre
3. How did you gain access into the centre?
4. What brief did the curator give you about the centre/cultural village?
5. What information have you gathered with regards to art, craft and design?
6. How does art, craft and design contribute to everyday life and to South African Heritage?

Grade: 7	Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 3	Phase:	Intermediate
GRADE 7	DATE:	DURATION: 180 Min	CONTENT IN CONTEXT:
			Diverse Cultures(South Africa)
LO's and AS's	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO's and AS's LO3: PARTICIPATING AND COLLABORATING CLUSTER 4 MUSIC AS: Sings and/ or plays South African songs from various cultures with appropriate rhythm, tempo and dynamics. AS: Create suitable melodic or non melodic accompaniment for any South African folk song, anthem or melody. AS: Transforms personal experiences into forms of expression.	ACTIVITY 1 Teacher directed music warm-up exercises. Teacher instructs learners: 1. To stand up and march on the sport, making a rhythm with their feet. 2. When the teacher claps his/her hands learners turn to their right and sing any cultural song that they know and move forward forming a circle. 3. As they sing they point their hands on the ground for the low pitch and above their heads for the high pitch. ACTIVITY 2 1. Learners sing the song from the cultures they know; they discuss the following: rhythm, tempo, and dynamics and write their findings on their work books. e.g. Usisi wethu! usisi wethu! usisi wethu! lyho!yho!yho!. Akasemhle! Akasemhle! Akasemhle! lyho!yho!yho! lyhoyhoyho, iyhoyhoyho(fast tempo) While they are singing the wedding song the teacher describes the following: 1. Tempo- speed, such as fast or slow. 2. Rhythm- the flow of accents and other types of expression that give life to a composition. 3. Dynamics- words, abbreviations and signs used to indicate relative loudness and softness of sound. ACTIVITY3 1. Learners are divided into groups 2. Each group chooses the cultural song from any culture they know. 3. Each group brings posters or pictures and costumes representing the culture they have chosen.	DETAILS OF ASESSMENT FORMS Performance METHODS Teacher Group TOOLS Rubrics Observation sheet	` '
	They also bring along the found musical instruments.		
	Learners rehearse the chosen song, in their costumes and with the musical instruments as the		

accompaniments. 6. The groups do crepitating, mouth drumming. 7. The teacher assist and give feed back. ACTIVITY 4	
Group presentations and feed back from other groups. Teacher consolidates. (rubric)	

SKILLS: Singing ,Playing, Creating, Transforming

KNOWLEDGE: Instruments, Songs of various cultural groups, Rhythm, Tempo, Dynamics

VALUES: Appreciation, Enjoyment, Tolerance

RESOURCES: Costumes, Music Instruments, Pictures from My Clever Arts and Culture through issues by Darleen Kruger & Wilma Mentz, Revised National Curriculum Statements Grades R-9

EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Expose learners to perform in cultural activities, perform in school concerts

TEACHER REFLECTIONS: ACTIVITY 4

RUBRIC

MARKS	25 - 18	17 - 11	10 - 6	5 - 0
CRITERIA	4	3	2	1
Sing the words of cultural song	Knows all the words of the song and could sing along enthusiastically.	Knows most the words and could sing along	Knows some words but still needs help	Sings but doesn't know the words at all.
Demonstrate rhythm, tempo and dynamics on song	Demonstrate rhythm, tempo and dynamics so well.	Demonstrate rhythm, tempo and dynamics	Show rhythm, tempo and dynamics now and then.	Rhythm, tempo and dynamics not evident.
Use of instruments to accompany the song	Use all the instruments they have very well.	Use instruments to some extent.	Use of instrument not clear.	Unable to use instruments
Transforms personal experience into form of experience.	Transforms personal experience into form of experience are very well	Transforms personal experience into form of experience adequately.	Little transforms personal experience into form of experience.	Personal transformation of expressions is not evident.

ACTIVITY 3

OBSERVATION SHEET

DISCRIPTION	YES	NO
1.Do the groups show introduction, content and conclusion?		
2.Do the groups demonstrate dynamics, tempo, and rhythm?		
3.Do the groups song accompany instruments?		
4. Do the groups transform personal experiences into form of expression?		
5. Do al I members wear costumes?		
6. Are the songs cultural and South African?		

GRADE 8 DATE: **DURATION:** 120 Content in Context : Safe Mins and Healthy Environment-Warm up exercises in Dance LOs and ASs Learning Activities Details of Provisions for learners assessment with barriers to learning methods and tools LO1: CREATING. **ACTIVITY 1** Differently abled learners INTERPRETING AND Warm up activity Classroom be Form PRESENTING Learners are asked to walk around in between each other slowly and then increase the pace, accessible Practical Cluster 1 arms swinging sideways. Peer assistance Demonstration promoted Role-Play **DANCE: ADDITIONAL** ACTIVITY 2 Sign language utilized **AS:** In preparing the body: With the help of the drum, learners are engaged in a locomotive movement (walking, running, Method skipping, hopping, leaping, jumping, galloping, gliding etc) in rows, horizontally, vertically and in Performs a set warm-up that Teacher conditions, stretches and circles Group strengthens the body; **ACTIVITY 3** Demonstrates increasing Tool Teacher asks the learners to name different domestic and wild animals they know. Teacher kinaesthetic awareness, Rubrics asks learners to use their imagination and start imitating the movements done by the following concentration and Observation sheet animals, tortoise, cow, elephant, mouse, giraffe awareness of the correct and safe use of the spine Activity 4 and limbs; Cooling down exercise: Moves across space in Learners are asked to sing a song: Toe, knee, chest, nuts, nose, eye, love you. Different body combinations of steps with parts will be touched by the learners as the song progresses. For example, when the song co-ordination, style and mentions toes, the learners together with the teacher will go down to touch their toes and musicality. likewise with the other mentioned body parts. **DRAMA: GENERIC** Activity 5 AS: Devises a simple warm-up Learners will be asked to do breathing exercises. The teacher will ask them to breathe deeply in routine, based on teacher's and deeply out at different paces. exercises, to share with the class. Teacher directed voice exercises: Learners clean their mouths with their tongues, wiggle the tongue up and down and side by side DRAMA: ADDITIONAL producing the sound. Then learners say the following tongue twisters repeatedly:

Lesson Plan:

1

Phase: Senior

rade:

AS: With teacher support,

rehearses and presents a solo

extract or monologue showing: Creative use of attributes of speech in terms of pitch.

item such as a poem, prose

8

- Red Torry, Yellow Torry

- She sells sea shells on the shore

- Igaga lazigikagika ku gagaga

pace, pause, inflection, emphasis and tone. Imaginative interpretation of piece	Activity 6 Attributes of speech Teacher asks the learners to think of a short sentence, and write it down. For example, "She said she does not want to see me" The idea is to read the sentences in different ways to illustrate difference in pitch, pace, pause, inflection, emphasis and tone.						
	Activity 7						
	The teacher instructs learners to bring a short poem, prose, extract or monologue. It may an original piece that has been composed in commemoration of national days like human rights day, heritage day, women's day etc. Learners individually rehearse their pieces in preparation for presentation in the class. Learners present in the class.						
Skills: Creating, Interpreting, Prese	enting, Performing, Co-ordinating, Choreography						
Knowledge: Different dance seque	nces, Warm up techniques,						
Values: Appreciation, Enthusiasm,	Co-operation , Love, Enjoyment etc.						
Resources: Audio-Visual Aids: Tape / Video / Cassette/ DVD/ MP3s Players, Music on tapes /videos/ DVDs, Pictures, Dance Floor / Space/ Rehearsal Room, Props							
Expanded opportunities: Linkages with national observed events e.g. Human Rights/ Freedom/ Heritage Day activities, Field- trips to Art Centres and Arts Festivals							
Teacher reflection:	Teacher reflection:						

GRADE 8 HOLISTIC RUBRIC FOR ASSESSMENT

Grade 8

LO1: CREATING, INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING

ASSESSMENT STANDARD	LEVEL 7 80-100%	LEVEL 6 70-79	LEVEL 5 60-69	LEVEL 4 50-59	LEVEL 3 40-49	LEVEL 2 30-39	LEVEL 1 0-29
LO 1: CREATING,	Demonstrates	Shows a meritorious/	Shows a	Shows adequate/	Shows moderate/	Shows	Unable to
INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING	an outstanding ability to	to creatively and	substantial/ considerable	sufficient ability to effectively	fair ability to apply some safe dance	elementary/ basic	apply safe dance
PRESENTING	creatively,	effectively apply	ability to	apply simple and	elements	ability to apply limited safe	elements
DANCE: ADDITIONAL	flexibly and	complex and safe	creatively and	safe dance	Olomonto	dance elements	olollionto
AS: In preparing the body:	effectively apply	dance elements	effectively apply	elements			
 Performs a set warm-up 	complex and		simple and safe				
that conditions, stretches	safe dance		dance elements				
and strengthens the body;	elements						
 Demonstrates increasing 				1			

kinaesthetic awareness, concentration and awareness of the correct and safe use of the spine and limbs;				
Moves across space in combinations of steps with co-ordination, style and musicality.				

Rubric

CRITERIA	NOT ACHIEVED	PARTIALLY ACHIEVED	ADEQUATELY ACHIVED	EXCELLENTLY ACHIEVED
Creative use of attributes of speech in terms of pitch, pace, pause, inflection, emphasis and tone.	The learner shows limited ability to use attributes of speech in terms of pitch, pace, inflection or variation, word emphasis and tone.	The learner shows some ability to use some attributes of speech in terms of pitch, pace, inflection or variation, word emphasis and tone.	The learner adequately shows ability to use attributes of speech in terms of pitch, pace, inflection or variation, word emphasis and tone.	The learner shows an outstanding and creative ability to use attributes of speech in terms of pitch, pace, inflection or variation, word emphasis and tone.
Imaginative interpretation of piece	The learner shows limited ability to give an imaginative interpretation of piece	The learner shows some ability to give an imaginative interpretation of piece	The learner adequately shows ability to give an imaginative interpretation of piece	The learner shows an outstanding ability to give an imaginative interpretation of piece.

GRADE 8 DATE: **DURATION: 120** Content in Mins Context: Human Rights Issues LOS AND ASS **LEARNING ACTIVITIES** DETAILS OF BARRIERS TO ASSESSMENT **LEARNING** LO 2: REFLECTING Activity 1: Learners with FORM: **CLUSTER 3** Learners brainstorm the meaning of human rights and environmental issues. physical challenges DRAMA Performance to be assisted Learners are divided into groups and the teacher handout extracts of the constitution, Chapter 2 – Bill of Rights. AS: Researches human Essav Learners are referred to some sections of the Bill of Rights including Sections 24 – about environment. Worksheet rights and environmental Learners further discus incidents they have observed (whether in communities, in movies, or read about) within issues and interprets these where human rights have been violated. METHOD: in small-group role-plays. Activity 2: Teacher From the previous activity, in groups, learners develop a real-life scenario that depicts either human rights and or **VISUAL ARTS** Group environmental issues. Learners identify characters for their role-play and allocate roles. In their groups, learners AS: Identifies and explains role-play scenarios. Groups assess each other and the teacher consolidates. how photography, film-TOOL: making, sculpture and Observation sheet Activity 3: printmaking can document Rating scale The teacher brings to the attention of learners how arts in general have contributed in commenting on issues of human rights abuses. Checklist human rights. Reference is made to Visual Arts forms that have been used in the past and present to document human rights. The teacher reminds learners about the famous photograph of Hector Peterson which appears in the June 16 posters, captured by Peter Magubane. The teacher may introduce other examples which may include the film by Mbongeni Ngema's Sarafina. Activity 4: Learners in groups are instructed to conduct a research and identify art works that comment or document Human Rights and or environmental issues in any three of the following categories: Photography 0 Film Making Sculptures 0 Print Making They can visit Museums, Libraries, Art Galleries, Heritage sites etc. In their report they need to identify Issues that were documented, the media that was used, the creator or artist who produced, the effectiveness of the media used. Learners present their findings in a form of a written report to the class. SKILLS: analytical skills, report writing skills, performance skills KNOWLEDGE: human rights, environmental issues, Bill of Rights **/ALUES:** enjoyment, sharing, appreciation Resources: newspapers, magazine articles, colour copies of art works, information on visual artists, movies, and recordings of television EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Learners research SA artists who focus on human rights issues in their works in other art disciplines like music, dance TEACHER REFLECTIONS:

Lesson Plan:

Phase: Senior

Grade: 8

(Lesson 2) Assessment tools: Observation Sheet for the role play.

Criteria	YES	NO	COMMENTS
The role-play depicts a human rights or environmental issue			
Roles are clearly identified			
Situation depicted is realistic			
Performance skills evident: expression, gestures, voice projection, use of space,			
props			
Connection with the audience			
Co-operation among group members			

1. Criteria for Essay

Rubric

CRITERIA	NOT ACHIEVED	PARTIALLY ACHIEVED	ADEQUATELY ACHIVED	EXCELLENTLY ACHIEVED
Identifies and explains how photography, film-making, sculpture and printmaking has been used to document human rights and environmental issues in artworks.	Learners struggle to identify and explain how photography, film-making, sculpture and printmaking has been used to document human rights and environmental issues in artworks.	Learners have been partially able to identify and explain how photography, filmmaking, sculpture and printmaking has been used to document human rights and environmental issues in artworks.	Learners have been able to identify and explain how photography, film-making, sculpture and printmaking has been used to document human rights and environmental issues in artworks.	Learners displayed an excellent and creative ability to identify and explain how photography, film-making, sculpture and printmaking has been used to document human rights and environmental issues in artworks.

Activity 1 With teacher's guidance learners brainstorm the different careers a person can follow after leaving school. Examples of such careers: medical practitioner, lawyer, actor, musician etc. The teacher will lead the learners to Arts & Culture careers out of all those they have mentioned in class. Activity 2 In groups learners and each of the four art forms will be assigned to each group eg dance, music, visual art, drama. Learners discuss different careers that can be followed in each of the four art forms. Activity 3 Each group will then give a report back to the rest of the class. Questions for clarity will be raised by the other groups concerning the career choices and training requirements. The groups will respond to questions based on their own understanding of the careers and training requirements in their respective art forms. Activity 4	DURATION: 120 Mins DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT FORM: Oral Presentation Assignment Worksheet METHOD: Teacher	Content in Context : Careers in Arts and Culture BARRIERS TO LEARNING Learners with physical challenges to be assisted
3: PARTICIPATING AND DLABORATING (CLUSTER I) NCE : Researches and shares ormation about training and eers in dance, and explains: The kinds of dance-linked careers there are; The kind of attributes needed; The kind of training required. The kind of training required. RAMA : Identifies careers available in Activity 1 With teacher's guidance learners brainstorm the different careers a person can follow after leaving school. Examples of such careers: medical practitioner, lawyer, actor, musician etc. The teacher will lead the learners to Arts & Culture careers out of all those they have mentioned in class. Activity 2 In groups learners and each of the four art forms will be assigned to each group eg dance, music, visual art, drama. Learners discuss different careers that can be followed in each of the four art forms. Activity 3 Each group will then give a report back to the rest of the class. Questions for clarity will be raised by the other groups concerning the career choices and training requirements. The groups will respond to questions based on their own understanding of the careers and training requirements in their respective art forms.	FORM: Oral Presentation Assignment Worksheet METHOD: Teacher	Learners with physical
Vith teacher's guidance learners brainstorm the different careers a person can follow after leaving school. Examples of such careers: medical practitioner, lawyer, actor, musician etc. The teacher will lead the learners to Arts & Culture careers out of all those they have mentioned in class. Activity 2 In groups learners and each of the four art forms will be assigned to each group eg dance, music, visual art, drama. Learners discuss different careers that can be followed in each of the four art forms. Activity 3 Each group will then give a report back to the rest of the class. Questions for clarity will be raised by the other groups concerning the career choices and training requirements. The groups will respond to questions based on their own understanding of the careers and training requirements in their respective art forms.	Oral Presentation Assignment Worksheet METHOD: Teacher	
The teacher provides learners with a research questionnaire on careers and training that a person could follow on each of the four art disciplines. Learners are encouraged to visit libraries, museums, live shows and exhibitions. They may interview artists and practitioners to gain more knowledge and understanding of the careers and their requirements. Activity 5 Learners present their findings in the class SUAL ARTS: Researches and shares present their findings in the class Explorers and discusses ning and careers in Arts and liture fields, based on research discusses of consite visits. ILLL: Social skill. research skills	TOOL: Checklist Rating scale Memorandum Questionnaire	
OWLEDGE: Careers in all Arts and Culture disciplines, Training needs in each art discipline.		

GRADE 8	DATE:	DURATION: 120 Mins	Content in Context : Careers in Arts and Culture				
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING				
	VALUES: Appreciation, collaboration						
RESOURCES: Audio visual aids, m	agazines, Newspapers, Internet, Library dance floor,						
EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES : Collaborations with Life Orientation for Career Exhibitions, Attendance of live shows and arts festivals, Watching television shows eg strictly come dancing, so you							
think you can dance, road to fame, so you think you are funny							
Teacher Reflection:							

(Lesson 3) Assessment tools

Dance Assignment: Essay (Learners write a 5 page assignment)

Dance Assignment: Essay (Learners write a 5 page assignment)		
Criteria	Total Mark	L's Mark
Names and lists four careers in dance	2	
Provide detailed information on one dance - related career, including one known practitioner, training and attributes required, institutions that offer training,	14	
entry requirements, nature of the course		
Layout : headings are provided	2	
Pictures included	2	
Lists at least three sources	2	
Neatness of assignment	2	
Meets due date	1	
Total Mark	25	

Music Assignment (Learners write a 5 page assignment)

Criteria	Total Mark	L's Mark
Names and lists four careers in music	2	
Provides detailed information on one music -related career, including one known practitioner, training, attributes needed, institutions that offer training, entry	14	
requirements, nature of the course		

Layout : headings are provided	2	
Pictures included	2	
Lists at least three sources	2	
Neatness of assignment	2	
Meets due date	1	
Total marks	25	

Drama Assignment

Criteria for oral presentation

Criteria	Total Mark	L's Mark
Learners identify two careers in the formal theatre and two careers in the mass media	2	
Learners are able to reflect critically and present a well – reasoned argument for the development of the informal drama sectors in their communities	14	
Learners make use of other media	3	
Oral presentation is fluent	3	
Sources are used	2	
The learners meet the deadline	1	
Total Mark	25	

GRADE: 9	DATE:	DURATION: 6 Hours	CONTENT IN CONTEXT : Warm – ups and creation of drama performances
LO's AND AS's	TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 1: CREATING,	ACTIVITY 1 [WARM – UP ACTIVITIES]	FORM	SPACE
INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING	The educator directs the learners to do simple warm- ups such as stretching arms, bending knees, pushing and swinging arms in a circular form with co-ordinated movements. Afterwards they walk, following the rhythm of the drum or sound system with different pace [slow, fast, faster].	Performance	The learners will perform outside the classroom.
CLUSTER 1	ACTIVITY 2 [CREATION AND REHEARSAL OF DANCE]	METHOD	
Dance (Additional) AS: In preparing the body, accurately performs a set	Learners in groups are asked to compose dance sequences which will be incorporated in the next activities. These dance sequences must show proper movement across space, sequence, coordination, musicality style, balance and control.	Educator	
warm – ups and skill building sequence, including body	Composing a Dance • Select Music	TOOL	
conditioning and technique in a particular style. AS: Moves across space in movement sequences with co-ordination, musicality, style, balance and control.	Work out floor patterns Select different movements and join them together in a movement sequence Decide on costumes and props Make use of different speeds, add stillness and include the isolation of body parts Incorporate all dance elements including shape, force, time and rhythm. Rehearse	Rubric	
Drama (Generic) AS: Conducts a simple warm- up routine with class.	ACTIVITY 3 [DRAMATIC ELEMENTS] The educator guides the learners to revise the elements of drama eg Human context, dramatic tension, focus, aspects of place, aspects of time, language, movement, mood and symbols. The educator stresses the importance of the basic staging conventions e.g. half moon, arena, end- on		
Drama (Additional) AS: Participates both in the performance and in an aspect of production. The performance should . Show an understanding of	etc. ACTIVITY 4 [STORY LINE] The learners brainstorm social ills affecting their everyday lives. e.g. theft, crime, rape, teenage pregnancy. From the brainstorming session, themes are identified. They discuss various themes and finally agree on one to form the story line.		
basic staging conventions . Use more complex dramatic elements such as tension, symbols and timing where appropriate . Create characters using	ACTIVITY 5 [SCRIPT WRITING] Learners brainstorm and decide about the characters. Afterwards they write the script based on the chosen theme. The following are emphasised: . Use of language, gesture and movement		

Lesson Plan:

Phase: Senior

Grade: 9

GRADE: 9	DATE:	DURATION: 6 Hours	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Warm – ups and creation of drama performances
LO's AND AS's	TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
language, gesture and movement . Make use of costumes, props, sets, lights or other available resources . Show awareness of audience.	Use of costumes, props, sets and lights. Who is saying the words? In which situations could these words be used? What values would the characters show? How would the characters behave? The story must have a beginning, middle (Climax) and an end. Learners identify scenes where they can incorporate dance sequences that were composed in Activity 2. ACTIVITY 6 [REHEARSAL] The learners rehearse their plays ACTIVITY 7 [PERFORMANCE] The learners perform their dramatic presentations in groups. The educator assesses the performance using rubric and allocates marks.		

SKILLS: Performing, moving, conducting, participating, balancing

KNOWLEDGE: Warm – ups, skill building sequence, body conditioning, dance technique in a particular style, movement sequence with co-ordination, musicality, style, balance and control, basic staging conventions, complex dramatic elements such as tension, symbols and timing, creating characters using language, gesture and movement.

VALUES: Enjoyment, appreciation, respect, tolerance etc

RESOURCES: Props, musical instruments, sets, costumes, etc.

EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Learners are encouraged to watch drama from television, listen to radio drama, watch, live performances and take note of the dramatic elements covered.

TEACHER REFLECTION:

ASSESSMENT TOOL: RUBRIC

LO 1: CREATING, INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING

Dance (Additional)

AS: In preparing the body, accurately performs a set warm – ups and skill building sequence, including body conditioning and technique in a particular style.

AS: Moves across space in movement sequences with co-ordination, musicality, style, balance and control.

Drama (Additional)

AS: Participates both in the performance and in an aspect of production.

The performance should

- Show an understanding of basic staging conventions
 Use more complex dramatic elements such as tension, symbols and timing where appropriate
 Create characters using language, gesture and movement
- . Make use of costumes, props, sets, lights or other available resources
- . Show awareness of audience.

CRITERIA	OUTSTANDING ACHIEVEMENT	SATISFACTORY ACHIEVEMENT	PARTIAL ACHIEVEMENT	NOT ACHIEVED
	[7](36>60 Marks)	[5-6](24>36 Marks)	[3 -4] (12>24 Marks)	[1 – 2] (0>12 Marks)
Effective selection of relevant music, development of patterns and incorporation of dance elements.	Excellent ability to effectively select relevant music, develop patterns and incorporation of a large variety of dance elements.	Able to effectively select relevant music, develop patterns and incorporation of a variety of dance elements.	Partially able to select relevant music, develop patterns and incorporation of a some dance elements	Struggle to select relevant music, develop some dance patterns and incorporation of some dance elements
Basic staging conventions	Excellent use of staging conventions flowing movement on stage, voice projections, articulation and uses pauses.	Able to use basic staging conventions (stage setting, movement on the stage, positioning, etc)	Inconsistent use of basic staging conventions.	Does not make use of basic staging conventions
Use of more complex dramatic elements	Excellent use of complex dramatic elements in the relevant places. (tension , symbols, timing)	Able to use more complex dramatic elements (tension, symbols and timing where appropriate)	Inconsistent use of dramatic elements.	Very elementary use of the dramatic elements.
Creating of characters	The learner demonstrates an excellent level of creativity. The interpretation is innovative,	Able to create characters using language, gesture and movement)	The interpretation of the characters is fairly mechanical and obvious . Some slips in words. Basic skills are	The learner demonstrates very little creativity in the interpretation of characters Does not know words

	believable and interesting		lacking with respect to voice and body.	and is confused .
Use of resources	The learners demonstrate a high level and proper interpretation of the use of costumes , props, sets , lights and other available resources	Able to use costumes, props, sets, lights or other available resources.	The learners demonstrates the minimal use of costumes.	The learners use costumes which are not relevant to the characters. They also use stage setting inappropriately.
Awareness of audience	All skills are used well to harness audience's appreciation and understanding of the content.	Able to show awareness of audience through use of eye contact, voice projection, etc.	The learners demonstrate inconsistency of the awareness of the audience.	The learners do not put the audience into consideration when acting.

TOTAL [60MARKS] WHICH WILL BE CONVERTED TO 25 MARKS

			1
GRADE: 9	DATE:	DURATION:	CONTENT IN CONTEXT:
		4 Hours	Diverse culture
			 Application of elements/ concepts inn
			dance and music.
LO's AND AS's	TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 1 : CREATING, INTERPRETING		FORM	SPACE
AND PRESENTING	ACTIVITY 1	FORW	SPACE
AND PRESENTING	ACHWITT	Performance	The learners will perform
CLUSTER 3	[BRAINSTORMING]	1 errormance	outside the classroom.
OLOGILITO .	The learners to brainstorm about cultural events and rituals of the diverse		outside the oldssroom.
Dance (Generic)	cultures in South Africa (AmaXhosa, AmaZulu, Indians, Coloureds,	METHOD	
AS: Participates in the choreography	Afrikaners, etc)	IMETHOD	
and presentation of a short dance for a	Learners identify different dances associated with those cultures	Educator	
performance or cultural event.	Learners identify different darices associated with those cultures	Eddouto.	
portormando di dantara ovorta	ACTIVITY 2	TOOL	
Dance (Additional)	The teacher may revise dance elements and choreographic tools		
AS: Learns and performs, with	Learners may do basic dance steps and elements such as stretch, jump, twist,	Rubric	
appropriate style and movement	bend, turn, travel, use of space, time, energy, the levels (High and low) etc		
quality, works choreographed by	With the identified dances in the previous activity, learners identify prominent		
others from at least two cultures, which	dance elements in those cultural dances taking into consideration the use of		
may be :-	space, pace, direction, levels, energy, etc		
. Classical / traditional (African ,	space, pace, direction, levels, energy, etc		
Eastern or Western):	e.g.		
. Contemporary.	• turn, jump, twist, rise, etc.		
	(AmaZulu, AmaXhosa, VhaVenda)		
	Twist, stretch, turn		
Music (Additional)	(Indians).		
AS: Uses ululation, vocalic lilting,	Jump, glide, stretch, travel		
crepitation and mouth drumming to	(Western)		
create , climax in a musical situation	Jump, dart		
	(Khoisan)		
	(
	ACTIVITY 4		
	Learners in groups choreograph dances for cultural events eg wedding.		
	initiation of girls/ boys (coming of age) incorporating choreographic tools		
	The style and quality must be appropriate to the type of the chosen dance.		
	Where it is applicable they must use ululation, vocalic lilting, crepitation and		
	mouth drumming, eg songs like – "Soze athombe lo mmntwana"		
	ungenanina, Hoyoho! Hahewuyo!" (The motherless child will never go to		
	the initiation school). The educator gives support.		
	and mindadit defined the deduction gives support.		
	I	l .	

Lesson Plan: 2

Phase: Senior

Grade: 9

GRADE: 9	DATE:	DURATION: 4 Hours	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Diverse culture - Application of elements/ concepts inn dance and music.
LO's AND AS's	TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
	ACTIVITY 5 [REHEARSAL] The learners rehearse their composed dances. The educator gives support where there is need.		
	ACTIVITY 6 [PERFORMANCE] The learners perform their dances in groups. The educator assesses the performance using rubric and allocates marks.		

SKILLS: Participating, learning, performing, using

KNOWLEDGE: Choreography and presentation of short dance for cultural event, appropriate style and movement, works choreographed by others from at least two cultures (Classical, Traditional, Western or Eastern, Contemporary), ululation, vocalic lilting, capitation and mouth drumming.

VALUES: Enjoyment, appreciation, respect, tolerance etc

RESOURCES: Musical instruments like drums, shakers, rattles, sound systems etc

EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Give learners extra time to rehearse. Encourage learners to watch cultural activities in their communities and on television.

TEACHER REFLECTIONS:

Grade: 9 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 2 RUBRIC Phase: Senior

LO1: CREATING, INTERPRETING AND PRESENTING

DANCE (GENERIC)

AS: Participates in the choreography and presentation of a short dance for a performance or cultural event.

Dance (Additional)

AS: Learns and performs, with appropriate style and movement quality, works choreographed by others from at least two cultures, which may be:

. Classical / traditional (African , Eastern or Western) :

. Contemporary.

CRITERIA	OUTSTANDING ACHIEVEMENT	SATISFACTORY ACHIEVEMENT	PARTIAL ACHIEVEMENT	NOT ACHIEVED
	[7](18>24 Marks)	[5-6] (12>18 Marks)	[3 -4] (6>12 Marks)	[1 – 2] (0>6 Marks)
Participating in the choreography of a short dance	Learners display excellent participation, coordination and blending of dance elements for that particular event they have chosen	The learners actively participate in the choreography of a short dance coming up with elements and steps to be used for that particular event.	Learners need to be prompted to participate in the choreography of a short dance.	Learners do not synchronise the dance as a team resulting in making uncoordinated movements.
Presentation of a short dance for a performance (for a cultural event)	The learners are able to present a brilliant short dance which blends smoothly with the choreographic tools (for a cultural event) using more than four choreographic tools.	The learners are able to present a short dance (for a cultural event) using at least four choreographic tools.	The learners are able to present a short dance (for a cultural event) using at least two choreographic tools.	The learners are able to present a short dance (for a cultural event) but they are not able to use choreographic tools that are relevant to their dance.
Appropriate style and movement quality	Learners display excellent and creative use of appropriate style and movement quality in their dances	Learners display satisfactory use of appropriate style and movement quality in their dances	Learners display partial use of appropriate style and movement quality in their dances	Learners display minimal use of appropriate style and movement quality in their dances

TOTAL MARK 24 MARKS WHICH WILL BE CONVERTED TO 25 MARKS

GRADE: 9 DATE: **DURATION: 4 Hours** CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Exploring new ideas in the Arts. Challenging the stereotypes and bridging cultural barriers. LO's AND AS's TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES **DETAILS OF** BARRIERS TO LEARNING ASSESSMENT LO 3: PARTICIPATING ACTIVITY 1 [BRAINSTORMING] **FORM** Clowns and extroverts AND The educator asks the learners to brainstorm about feelings that occur when solving problems that arise **COLLABORATING** in art activities. For example misunderstanding and misinterpretation of the message the artwork is trying Oral presentation There should be close monitoring by **CLUSTER 3** to convey or the emotions that are supposed to be evoked. (religious interpretations, cartoons, morality, Assignment the educator (according equitable COMPOSITE cultural beliefs etc) time for all learners). AS: Shows concern for and sensitivity to the **ACTIVITY 2 [ANALYSIS OF ARTWORKS] METHOD** feelings, values and attitudes of others in The teacher gives the learners in groups different artworks to analyse the emotions they evoke. For Educator solving problems that example paintings, musical compositions, poems, dramatic presentations and dances. arise in art activities. TOOL AS: Shows willingness **ACTIVITY 3 [ORAL PRESENTATION]** to explore new cultural Rubric ideas and an ability to The learners present their responses with emphasis on the sensitivity of the feelings, values and attitudes reconsider stereotypes. of the other learners in solving the problems that arise in art activities. The teacher assesses the oral presentations and allocates marks accordingly. ACTIVITY 4 [STEREOTYPES] The learners brainstorm the meaning of stereotypes in groups. Thereafter they present their findings. **ACTIVITY 5 | DISCUSSIONS 1** The learners in groups discuss the stereotypes they know of from different cultures and explore new cultural ideas and their effects on society today. For example cooking in some cultures is done by women only, praise singing is done by men. Xhosa women are not allowed to lift their legs high when dancing, etc. ACTIVITY 6 [ASSIGNMENT] The learners will be given an assignment about the effects of stereotypes and the new cultural ideas in the local society and global world. **SKILLS:** Showing, problem solving, exploring KNOWLEDGE: Concerns for sensitivity, stereotypes, cultural ideas, emotions VALUES: Sensitivity, appreciation, respect, tolerance, empathy, understanding RESOURCES: Posters, radio cassettes, DVDs, TVs, newspapers, etc

Lesson Plan:

Phase: Senior

Grade: 9

GRADE: 9	DATE:	DURATION: 4 Hours	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Exploring new ideas in the Arts. Challenging the stereotypes and bridging cultural barriers.
LO's AND AS's	TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
EXPANDED OPPORTUN	ITIES: The learners should be encouraged to view whatever art form they come across and identify feeling, a	attitudes and stereotypes.	
TEACHER REFLECTION	S:		

ASSESSMENT TOOL: RUBRIC

LO 3: PARTICIPATING AND COLLABORATING

COMPOSITE

AS: Shows concern for and sensitivity to the feelings, values and attitudes of others in solving problems that arise in art activities. AS: Shows willingness to explore new cultural ideas and an ability to reconsider stereotypes.

CRITERIA	OUTSTANDING ACHIEVEMENT	SATISFACTORY ACHIEVEMENT	PARTIALLY ACHIEVEMENT	NOT ACHIEVED
Introduction	Relevant introduction that gives a	Introduction available and shows	Very brief introduction and does not	Vague introduction
	clear picture of what to happen.	the link to the content.	flow smoothly into the content.	
Content	Outstanding presentation of the	Content covers all the required items	Content focused on either one and	Very limited information
 exploration of new cultural ideas 	content moving beyond the average	ie :-	minimal information on the other-	concentrating on one aspect :
- stereotypes and their effects on society.	requirements by citing a variety of examples in all the required items: - exploration of new cultural ideas stereotypes and their effects on society.	- exploration of new cultural ideas stereotypes and their effects on society.	exploration of new cultural ideas. stereotypes and their effects on society.	exploration of new cultural ideas. stereotypes and their effects on society.
Conclusion	The discussion brilliantly summarised.	Satisfactory conclusion done	Irrelevant conclusion	No conclusion
References	Wide range of references listed in	References listed in the correct	Few references	No references
	the correct way	way.		
	[Indicating the names of authors,			
	title, publisher, page references,			
	year of publication,, etc.]			

LO'S AND AS'S TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES LO 2: REFLECTING CLUSTER 3 Drama AS: Analyses the positive and negative effects of television, radio, documentaries or films in our lives. AS: Writes a review of a local or other drama production, referring to conventions of staging and elements of drama. ACTIVITY 2 [RESEARCH] The learners research on positive and negative effects of media and submit their written reports. ACTIVITY 4 [REVIEW OF DRAMATIC PRODUCTION] The teacher provides learners with examples of reviews of dramatic productions (movies, stage plays) from magazines and newspapers. Learners read and discuss and the teacher highlights important points in reviews of dramatic productions like staging conventions and drama elements. ACTIVITY 5 [ASSIGNMENT] The learners are given an assignment on writing a review of any dramatic production they have watched referring to conventions of staging and elements of drama. (Individual activity) SKILLS: Analysing, writing, producing, staging	GRADE: 9	DATE:	DURATION : 4 HRS	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Impact of media in the Arts
Learners discuss the positive and negative effects of television, radio, documentaries or films in our lives. AS: Writes a review of a local or other drama production, referring to conventions of staging and elements of drama. ACTIVITY 2 [RESEARCH] The learners research on positive and negative effects of tendia and submit their written reports. ACTIVITY 4 [REVIEW OF DRAMATIC PRODUCTION] The teacher provides learners with examples of reviews of dramatic productions (movies, stage plays) from magazines and newspapers. Learners read and discuss and the teacher highlights important points in reviews of dramatic productions like staging conventions and drama elements. ACTIVITY 5 [ASSIGNMENT] The learners are given an assignment on writing a review of any dramatic production they have watched referring to conventions of staging and elements of drama. (Individual activity)	LO's AND AS's	TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES		
	CLUSTER 3 Drama AS: Analyses the positive and negative effects of television, radio, documentaries or films in our lives. AS: Writes a review of a local or other drama production, referring to conventions of staging	Learners discuss the positive and the negative effects of the media, for example: negative effects Exposure to violence Vulgar language Example of positive effects: Education Entertainment ACTIVITY 2 [RESEARCH] The learners research on positive and negative effects of media and submit their written reports. ACTIVITY 4 [REVIEW OF DRAMATIC PRODUCTION] The teacher provides learners with examples of reviews of dramatic productions (movies, stage plays) from magazines and newspapers. Learners read and discuss and the teacher highlights important points in reviews of dramatic productions like staging conventions and drama elements. ACTIVITY 5 [ASSIGNMENT] The learners are given an assignment on writing a review of any dramatic production they have watched referring to conventions of staging and elements of drama.	Assignment Oral presentation METHOD Educator TOOL	will watch performances staged by

KNOWLEDGE: Positive and negative effects of television, radio, documentaries or films on our lives, writing a review, conventions of staging, elements of drama.

Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 4

Phase: Senior

Grade: 9

VALUES: Enjoyment , appreciation, respect , tolerance etc

TEACHER REFLECTION:

RESOURCES: Musical instruments like drums, shakers, rattles, sound systems etc

EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Encourage the learners to take note of conventions of staging and elements of drama, whenever they watch dramatic production from TV or live performances

Grade: 9 Term: 1 Lesson Plan: 3 Rubric Phase: Senior

LO 2: REFLECTING DRAMA

AS: Writes a review of a local or other drama production, referring to conventions of staging and elements of drama. Analyses the positive and

OUTSTANDING ACHIEVEMENT	SATISFACTORY ACHIEVEMENT	PARTIAL ACHIEVEMENT	NOT ACHIEVED
[16-20]	[12-15]		
		[6-11]	[1-5]
The learner displays an outstanding ability to write a review of a dramatic production	The learner satisfactorily displays an ability to write a review of a dramatic production	The learner displays a partial ability to write a review of a dramatic production but lack focus on	The learner struggles to write a complete review of a dramatic production and lacks focus on
referring to conventions of staging and elements of drama	referring to conventions of staging and elements of drama	conventions of staging and elements of drama	conventions of staging and elements of drama

	Grade: 9 Term:1 Lesson Plan: 5 Phase:	Senior	
GRADE 9	DATE:	DURATION: 240 minutes	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Individual group & Changing identities
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
LO 3:PARTICIPATING AND COLLABORATING (CLUSTER 2) COMPOSITE AS: acknowledges individual group and changing identities, including national, ethnic, gender and language group etc. VISUAL ARTS AS: Transforms sensory experiences and perceptions of power in_social relationships into visual artworks MEDIA ADDITIONAL AS. Makes a video or other media product based on a topic of choice; the product should show Understanding of the medium chosen; Competent use of technical skills Clear exposition of plot or issues; Appropriate use of design features; Understanding of target audience;	ACTIVITY 1 BRAINSTORMING SESSION 1. In pairs the teacher instructs the learners to brainstorm around this theme: CHANGING IDENTITIES based on the following topics • Own identity (Who are you? Your family – parents-brothers/sisters - sex • Environment – Ethnic group • Language • Cultural practices • Media • Religion • Entertainment ACTIVITY 2 1. Learners present their findings on the brainstormed topic and the teacher reconciles the reports. 2. The teacher adds more knowledge around each topic ACTIVITY 3 1. The teacher provides learners with newspaper cuttings from different newspapers(Daily dispatch, Argus, Daily sun, Herald, Sowetan etc) 2. Learners are to pick up the influences from each cutting in relation to the brainstormed topics. 3. Learners collate the information they gathered from the newspaper cuttings into a story line(a sequence of written story) ACTIVITY 4 STORY BOARD 1. Learners draw sketches on sketch books depicting the information on the story line. (They decide on the media they are going to use e.g. oil pastels, crayons, oil paints, powder colours etc.) 2. On an A3 paper learners transfer the sketches from the sketch books using the media at their disposal to create a story board(a series of drawings/paintings showing all the visuals from beginning to end(telling stories) The story board — must be attractive , eye catching and effective Pay attention to the following: • Topic • Technique (drawing, painting, printing etc) • Composition (arrangement of shapes, the picture should look balanced main shapes to fit well into the format)	FORM Sketch book Story board(Arts processes) Story line (script) METHOD Educator Learners TOOLS Rubric	

GRADE 9	DATE:	DURATION: 240 minutes	CONTENT IN CONTEXT: Individual group & Changing identities
LOS AND ASS	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	DETAILS OF ASSESSMENT	BARRIERS TO LEARNING
SVII I S. Everege Askrouledge Trans	Style (the way in which the picture is made, the way the elements of design and the techniques are used, the medium used) ACTIVITY 5 1. Each pair displays its story board according to the sequence of the story. 2. The learners present their story board to the class 3. The teacher assess the story boards(final product) using the rubric		

SKILLS: Express, Acknowledge, Transform, Make, Technical skills

KNOWLEDGE: Individual, group and changing identities, National, Ethnic, Gender and Language group, own identity and uniqueness in any art form, Transformation of Sensory experiences and perceptions of power in social relationships into visual art works

Making of media product

VALUES: Sharing, Respect and Tolerance, independent, Development of self esteem

RESOURCES: Powder colours, Paints, Charcoal, crayons, acrylic, News paper cuttings, A3 paper, Arts and culture today grade 9, Art in the classroom EXPANDED OPPORTUNITIES: Learners are taken to the art gallery to see different pictures by artists, visual art books.

TEACHER REFLECTIONS:

ASSESSMENT TOOL: RUBRICS LO 3 CLUSTER 2

CRITERIA	MARKS			
	31- 40	21- 30	11- 20	0- 10
An interesting & well designed storyboard	The story board has been outstandingly designed. The theme is very clear and accurate. The learner has gone an extra mile to gather more information outside the paper clips provided	The story board shows that the learner managed to capture information from the news paper clips provided and the arrangement of sequences is very neat.	The learner has managed to create the story board from the paper clips provided; very limited information has been used.	The story board is incomplete and very untidy
The storyboard was aimed at and appropriate for a particular target market	The storyboard has outstandingly captured the eye of the market and the age group targeted.	The story board has been appropriately presented to capture the age group targeted	The targeted market and age group are not clear.	The story board is not clear at which market is it targeting
The medium used is convincing	The medium used has been convincingly and creatively chosen	The medium used has been satisfactorily displayed and captures the eye.	A mixture of medium has been used. This has created a confusion	The medium used is not clear

colour, texture, tone and composition)have been creatively	and the tone of the message has	o o	Very few design elements have been used. The learner displays uncertainty in using the design elements	The work is incomplete untidy and inaccurate.
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