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| **DIRECTORATE SENIOR CURRICULUM MANAGEMENT (SEN-FET)****HOME SCHOOLING SELF-STUDY WORKSHEET ANSWER SHEET**

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| **SUBJECT** | **GEOGRAPHY** | **GRADE** | **10** | **DATE** | **26/06/20** |
| **TOPIC** | **POPULATION GEOGRAPHY** | **TERM 3****REVISION** | **√√** | **TERM 3 CONTENT** | **√√** |

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| REVISION BOOKLET POPULATION GEOGRAPHYMEMORANDUM |
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| **GEOGRAPHY GRADE 10****TERM 3** |

**Question 1.1**

 1.1.1 I (Birth rate) 

 1.1.2 H (Death rate) 

 1.1.3 G (Life expectancy) 

 1.1.4 F (Infant mortality rate) 

 1.1.5 C (literacy rate) 

 1.1.6 E (Natural increase) 

 1.1.7 D (Fertility rate) 

 1.1.8 A (Percentage of population urbanized) 

**Question 1.2**

 1.2.1 Rural area  (1)

 1.2.2 Rural-urban migration  (1)

 1.2.3 Rural depopulation  (1)

 1.2.4 Youth move to urban areas for better standard of living. 

 They are active looking for jobs or education.  (2)

 1.2.5 Lack of jobs in Rural Areas 

Poor service 

Poor facilities 

Natural disasters  (Any 1 x 2) (2)

 1.2.6 Growing of informal settlement in urban areas 

 Shortage of houses in urban areas 

High rate of crime 

Unemployment in urban areas 

Overcrowding  (Any 2 x 2) (4)

 1.2.7 Job creation in rural areas 

Improve service delivery 

Upgrade infrastructure such as roads  (Any 2 x 2) (4)

**Question 1.3**

1.3.1 Human Immunodeficiency Virus  (1)

1.3.2 Mozambique 

 Cote d’Ivoire 

 Nigeria  (3)

1.3.3 Vietnam  (1)

1.3.4(a)

 Most people are not well educated about HIV 

Poverty, as people are involved sexual relations 

Promiscuous behaviour 

Prostitution 

Intentionally infecting other people 

Denial 

Not using condoms 

Shortage of anti-retroviral drugs  (Any 1 x 2) (2)

 (b) Death rate will increase 

 Birth rate may increase initially but will decrease in the long term 

 Life expectancy will decrease 

 Natural increase will decrease 

 The dependency ratio increases 

 The overall population will decrease  (Any 2 x 2) (4)

 1.3.5 Education and training to increase understanding of the disease 

 Awareness so that people can take steps to avoid becoming infected 

 Free supply of condoms 

 Free HIV testing so that people can know their status 

 Advertising through media to educate people and increase awareness 

 Continuing research may help to find a cure, vaccine or new methods

 of treatment  (Any 2 x 2) (4)

**Question 1.4**

1.4.1 G (Emigration) 

1.4.2 E (Ecumene) 

1.4.3 F (Refugee) 

1.4.4 H (Demography) 

1.4.5 D (Xenophobia) 

1.4.6 C (Population pyramid) 

1.4.7 B (Antiretroviral)  (7)

**Question 1.5**

1.5.1 (a) Approximately 1,4 million  (1)

 (b) Approximately 0,6 million (1)

 (c) Approximately 5 million  (1)

1.5.2 0 – 4 years  (1)

1.5.3 Developing Country  (1)

1.5.4 A developing country’s population pyramid usually has a classic triangular shape like this one in FIGURE 1.5 

 Population pyramid shows high birth rate and high death rate that is common in developing countries 

Life expectancy is low  (Any 1 x 2) (2)

1.5.5 Resources are over exploited 

 Congestion 

Farmland are shrinking 

Unemployment rate increases 

Forests are shrinking 

Municipality services will break down 

Waste disposal becomes a crisis 

Unhealthy competitions/conflict/wars  (Any 4 x 2) (8)

**Question 1.6**

1.6.1 (a) Xenophobia is a strong and unreasonable dislike or fear of people

 from other countries. (Concept)  (1)

 (b) Refugee is a migrant who is forced to migrate to another country.

 (Concept)  (1)

1.6.2 Somalia  (1)

1.6.3 Brian is hoping to get a job in South Africa. 

 He is looking for better standard of living. 

 Better salary to support his family.  (Any 2 x 1) (2)

1.6.4 Many South Africans believed that refugees are here to take their jobs. 

 People associate refugees with crime and drugs.  (Any 1 x 2) (2)

1.6.5 Refugees fill a skills gap. They come with the skills from their countries

 e.g. doctors, teachers, engineers, etc. 

 Refugees are sources of cheap labour supply. 

 They contribute positively to our economy and our country.  (Any 2 x 2) (4)

1.6.6 Government should provide temporary camps or build low cost housing for refugees. 

 Send all refugees who are struggling back to their home countries. 

 Integrate refugees into existing settlements. 

 Ask other Neighbouring countries to accommodate the refugees. 

 (Any 2 x 2) (4)

**Question 1.7**

1.7.1 Migration √ (1)

1.7.2 (a) International √

 (b) Voluntary √

(c) Temporal √ (3)

1.7.3 He is looking for better job opportunities √

 He is not feeling safe in South Africa √ (Any 1 x 1) (1)

1.7.4 Better job opportunities √√

 Better standard of living √√

 Safety √√ (Any 2 x 2) (4)

1.7.5 Migration increase skills shortages in South Africa:

 Brain Drain √√

 It leaves older people only in South Africa √√

 There is less money to support local businesses because many people leave The Country √√

 Population shrinks so local authorities find it too expensive to maintain schools, clinics and other services √√ (Any 3 x 2) (6)

 **Total [90]**